# Multifunction Phased Array Radar (MPAR)

### Technology Assessment Program (TAP)

Presented to: MPAR Symposium II

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### **MPAR Concept**





# **Cost Risk Reduction**

### Strategy/Approach

- Develop a feasible architecture for a low-cost phased array antenna
- Input from industry
- Building block approach to prototype development
- Develop array cost model

### Goals/Objectives

- Demonstrate affordability to support investment milestones Decisions
- Define and demonstrate a viable dual-pol implementation
- Demonstrate technology performance with COTS and commercial manufacturing /packaging



# FAA MPAR Program Plan

#### MND – Mission Need Decision CRD - Concept & Ramnts Dev. IARD - Investment Anal. Read. Dec. FAA's AMS Process and EA Roadmaps IIA – Initial Investment Analysis **IID – Initial Investment Decision** FIA – Final Investment Analysis **Research and Systems Analysis** FID – Final Investment Decision **Mission Analysis Investment Analysis** M Service Analysis CRD **Initial Invest. Analysis** Final Invest. Anal. Solution Implementation Surveillance NextGen Surveillance IID ISD Roadmap & Weather Radar Weather Capability Roadmap 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 • • • 2023 FY 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016

#### **MPAR Timeline**



(\* AMS – Acquisition Management System, \*\* EA – Enterprise Architecture)



### **Technology Assessment Program (TAP)**

### <u>Strategy/Approach</u>

- Multi-agency effort
- Engage multiple industry members to obtain current state-of-theart and cost data for phased array radar technology
- Multi-step procurement with down-selects
  - 1. <u>Qualifier</u> used to select and fund White Paper Development
  - 2. <u>White Paper Development</u> technology, architecture, and cost
  - 3. <u>Technology Demonstrator Development</u> build subsystem demonstrators to address one or more TAP research objectives



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### **Technology Assessment Program (TAP)**

### Goals/Objectives

- Obtain update on current industry status on phased array technology
- Obtain information on technology cost (e.g., GaN, DBF, etc.)
- Obtain insight into how MPAR cost goals will be met (e.g., architectures, use of COTS, commercial manufacturing, packaging)
- Demonstrate technology performance of affordable solutions
- Demonstrate dual-pol performance (cross pol separation, calibration, etc.)
- Demonstrate multi-functionality capability



### **Technology Assessment Program (TAP)**

### Progress

- Technology Assessment (formerly Technology Demonstration Program) Working Group established to develop strategy and approach
- Partners include National Severe Storm Laboratory (NSSL/NOAA) and the Office of the Federal Coordinator for Meteorology (OFCM); other potential candidates include DHS and DOD
- Planning and coordinating the development of an SOW and other procurement documents (e.g., technical requirements)



### Questions

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# **BACK-UP SLIDES**



# **Contact Information**

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#### Weather Roadmap (1 of 2)



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### Surveillance Roadmap (1 of 2)



Main Collocated Non-Sheltered

### Facilities Roadmap—Unstaffed (3 of 3)



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# **Key Decision Points**

#### NextGen Surveillance and Weather Radar

#### • <u>Decision Point 407</u> - IARD, 2013

(Note: Wx DP 84 series combined with those of Surveillance (407, 77, 104 & 408))

- Decisions to:
  - 1) Decommission all ground-based wind shear capability (TDWR, ASR-WSP & LLWAS) but replace TDWR w/less expensive Wx radar and SLEP ASR-9/11 Wx Channel; or
  - SLEP ground-based wind shear except replace LLWAS w/LIDAR for dry MB Detect (if MIT/LL reports supports) & SLEP NEXRAD; or
  - 3) Replace Terminal Surveillance/Wx, Wind Shear capability & NEXRAD with NextGen Surveillance/Wx capability (MPAR being researched to see if it can perform wind shear detection as well for possible alternative )

#### • Decision Point 77 - IID, 2016 Q1 (Surveillance Domain)

Initial Investment Decision to implement a NextGen Surveillance and Weather Radar Capability for ATC

#### • Decision Point 104 - FID, 2017 (Surveillance Domain)

- Final Investment Decision to implement a NextGen Surveillance and Weather Radar Capability for ATC
- <u>Decision Point 408</u> ISD, 2023
  - In-Service Decision for NextGen Surveillance and Weather Radar Capability



# **Relevant Decision Points**

#### Terminal Radar (ASR)

- Decision Point 95 FID, 2024
  - Decision for replacement of terminal primary radars (ASR-11 PSR) and removal of terminal beacons (ASR-11 MSSR)
- <u>Decision Point 97</u> IID, 2010 Q4
  - Initial Investment Decision for legacy radar (ASR-9) SLEP, through 2025
- Decision Point 98 IID, 2010 Q4
  - Initial Investment Decision for legacy radar (ASR-8) SLEP, including weather channel, through 2025

#### Wind Shear Detection

- <u>Decision Point 37a</u> FID, 2010 Q3
  - Initial Investment Decision to Tech Refresh/SLEP wind shear detection services capability of all WS systems (to address wind shear study and technologies)

#### • Decision Point 37b - FID, 2012

 Final Investment Decision on wind shear detection services capability of all WS systems to Tech Refresh/SLEP (to address wind shear study and technologies)

#### **Reference (deleted)**

#### <u>Decision Point 84</u> - IARD, 2016

Decision to 1) decommission all ground-based wind shear capability (TDWR, ASR-WSP & LLWAS) but replace TDWR w/less expensive Wx radar and SLEP ASR-9/11 Wx Channel; or 2) SLEP ground-based wind shear except replace LLWAS w/LIDAR for dry MB Detect & SLEP NEXRAD, or 3) Replace Terminal Wx Surveillance, Wind Shear capability & NEXRAD with NextGen Wx Surveillance capability

