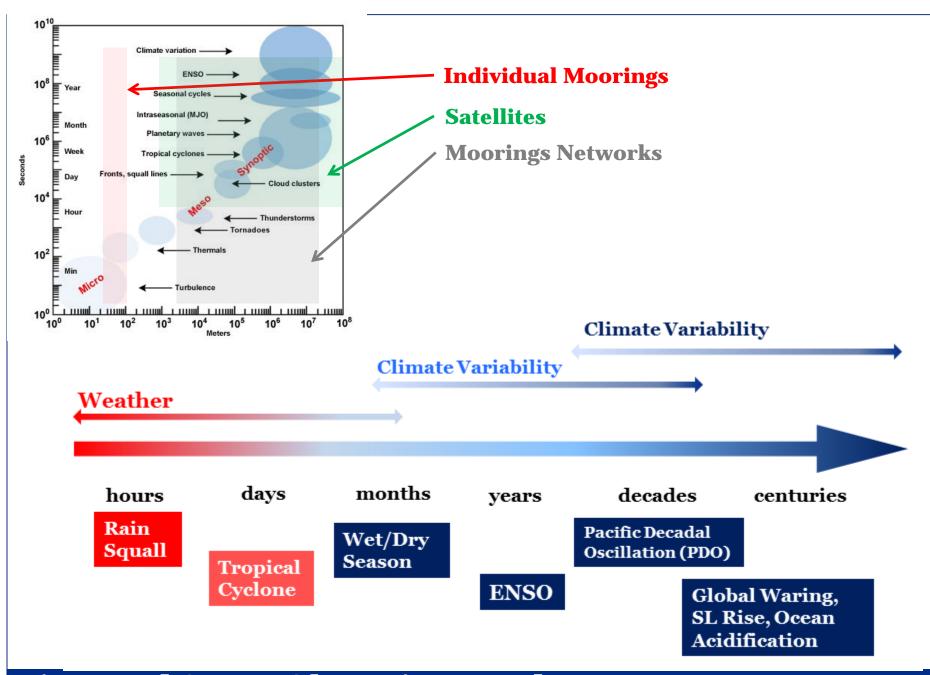




Evolving NDBC Buoy Observations to Add Value to Hurricane Research and Forecasting

Interdepartmental Hurricane Conference Tropical Cyclone Research Forum

> Karen Grissom 12 March, 2019 National Data Buoy Center



Time and Space Observing Needs

Value of In-Situ Buoy Observations

Initialization

Provide background state prior to TC – improve initial conditions

Validation/ground truth

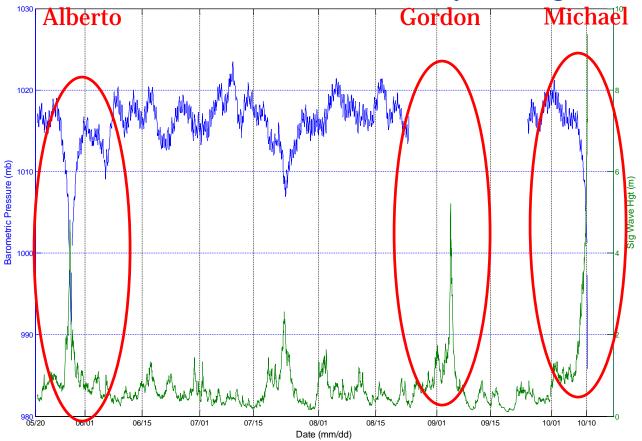
Developmental testing & calibration

 Contribute to post storm understanding of magnitude & duration of ocean response

- Captures temporal variability
- Impervious to cloud cover

Initialization

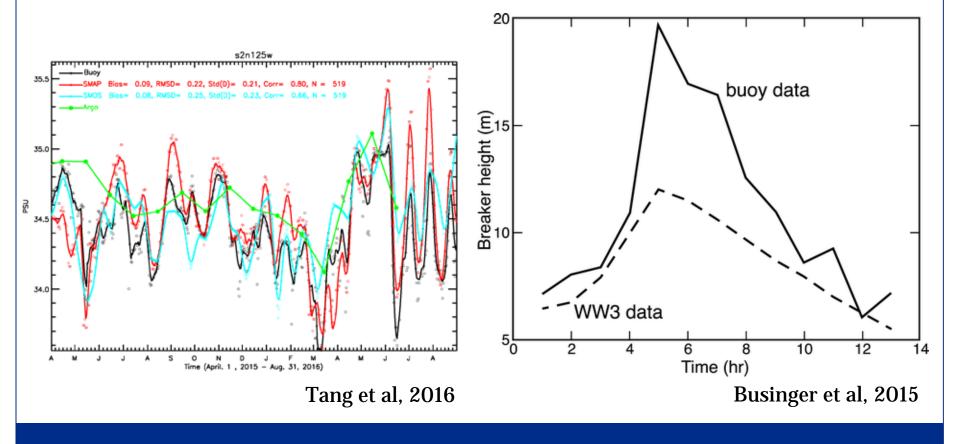
- Ocean observations assimilation critical to improving initialization for intensity
- Observation (waves, SST) and derived integral properties (heat content) often used as constraint of mesoscale variability background state



Station 42039 N. GoM

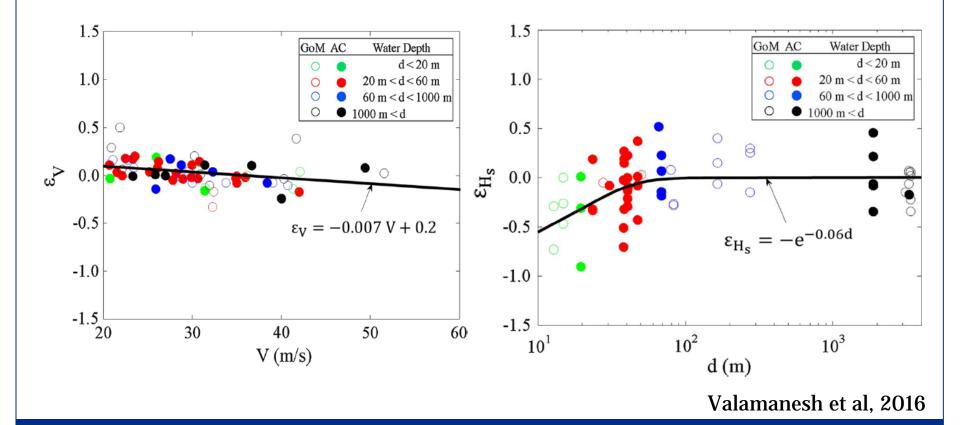
Validation

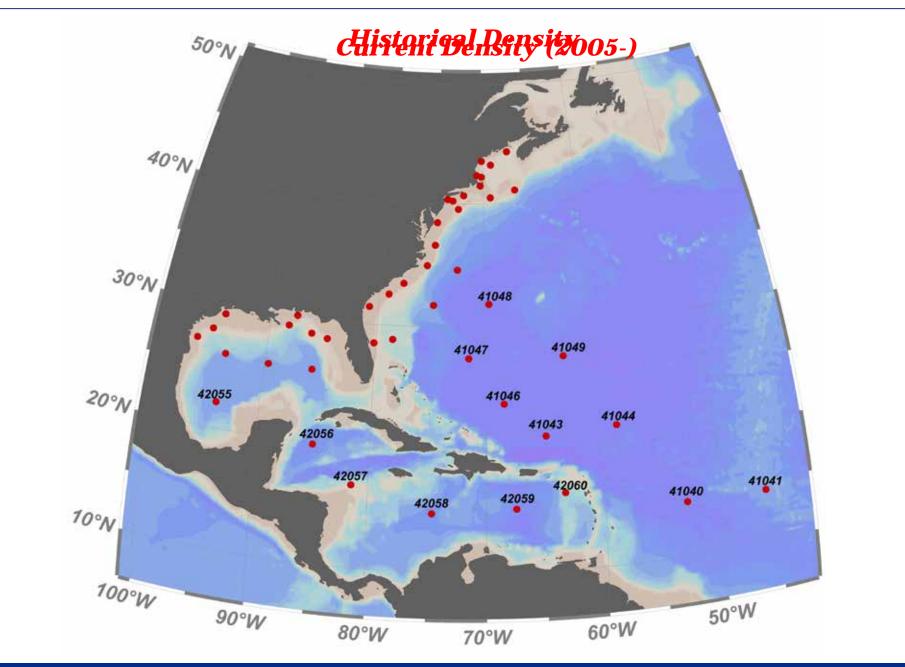
- Select locations
- Observations for testing/validation of satellites and models



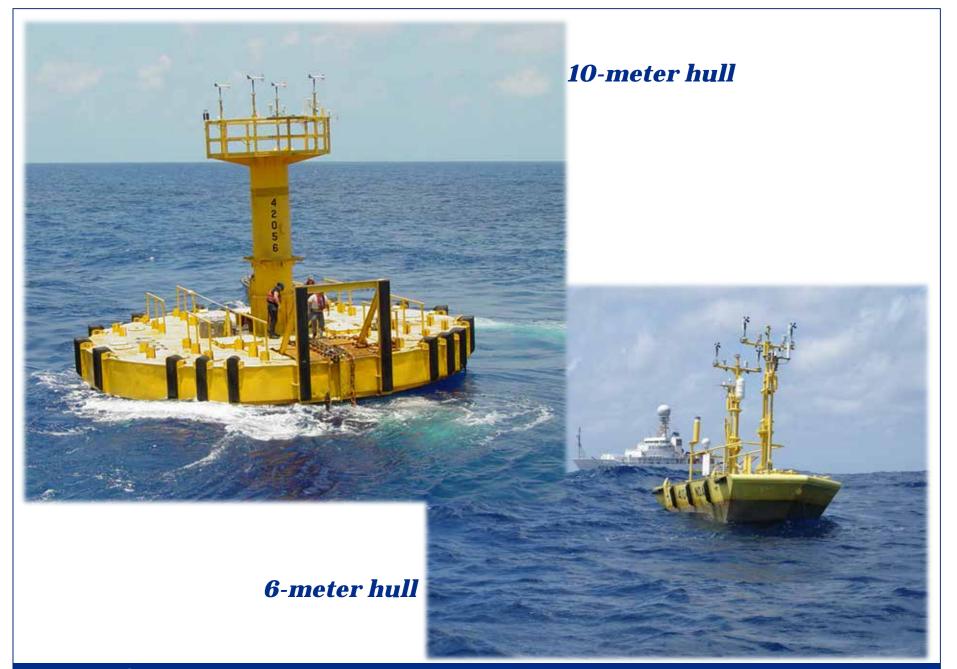
Calibration

 Moored sensors can be re-calibrated to become insitu reference stations for satellites and other type of sensors

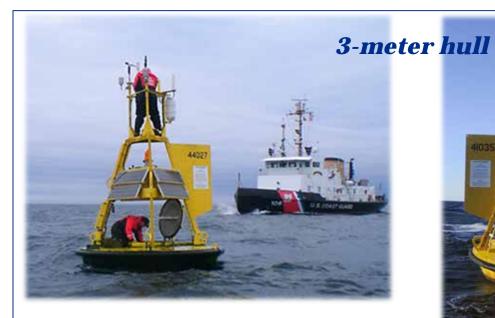




Spatial Density



NDBC Legacy Buoys









2.1-meter hull



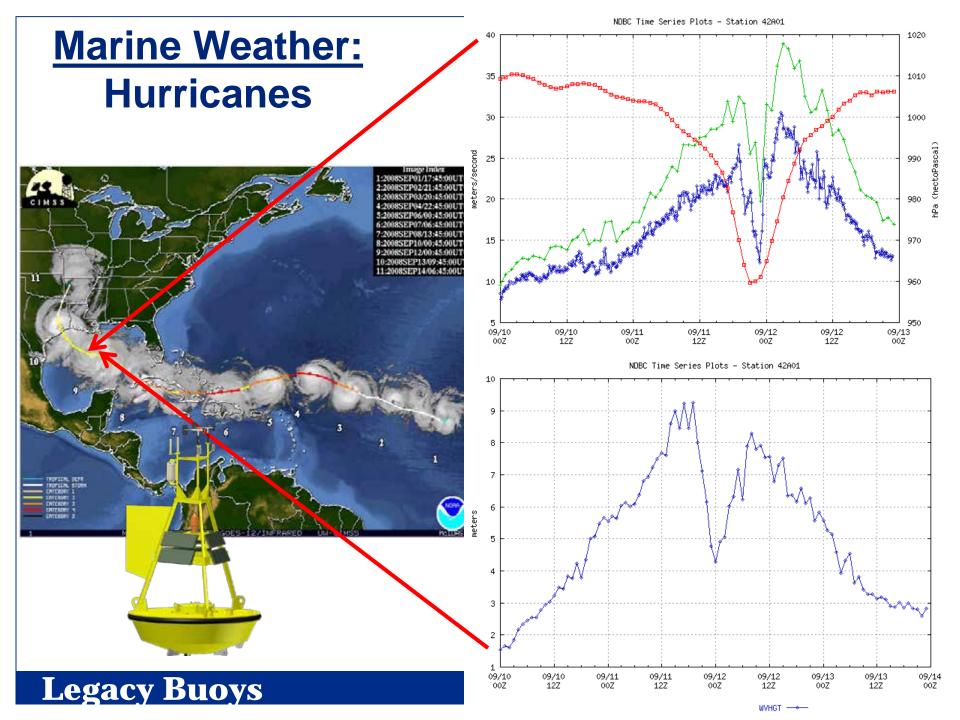
NDBC Current Buoys

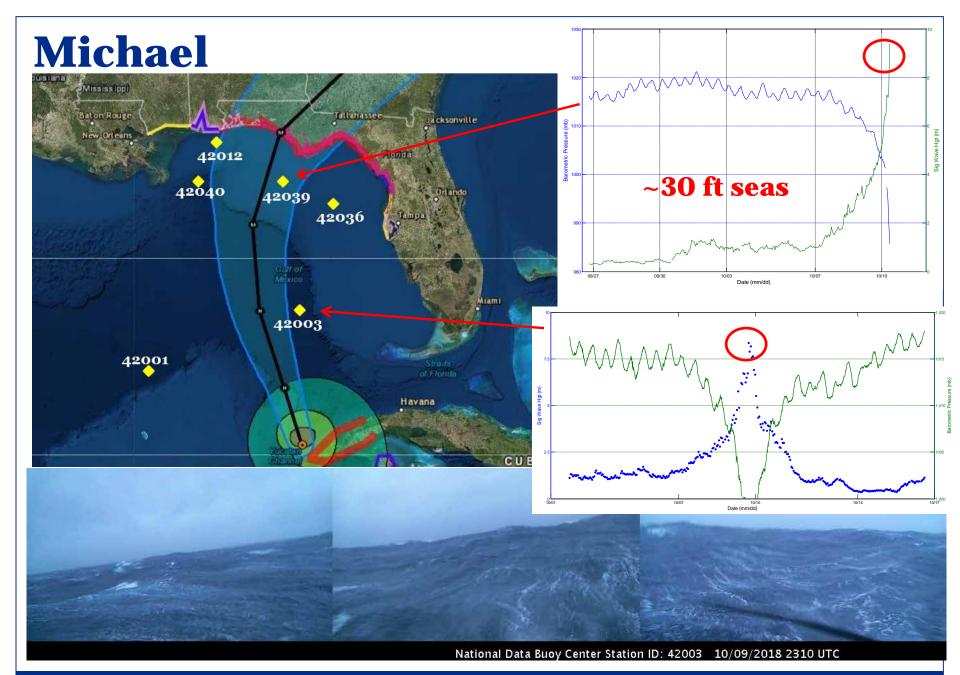


Value Added



- Moved SST from hull mounted to in-situ bridle mount faster response time
- Added capability for RT subsurface in-situ T,S,P (& currents)
- Excellent coverage of time domain & less time aliasing
- High-resolution near real-time data to GTS
- Hurricane Supplemental Observations: Barometer, wind speed and direction reports 1 min extreme





Waves: 42039 & 42003

3 2

11

10

9

8

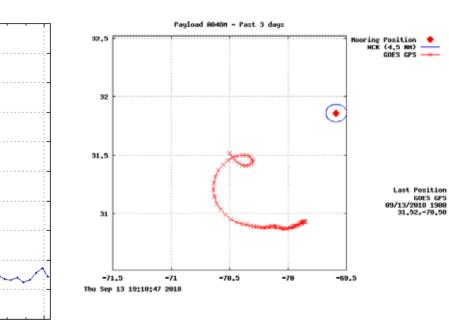
7

5

4

1

neters 9



National Data Buoy Center Station ID: 41048 09/12/2018 1910 UTC

~30 ft seas

09/13

12Z

09/14

00Z

09/14

12Z

NDBC Time Series Plots - Pyload A048W

09/13

00Z

WVHGT ——



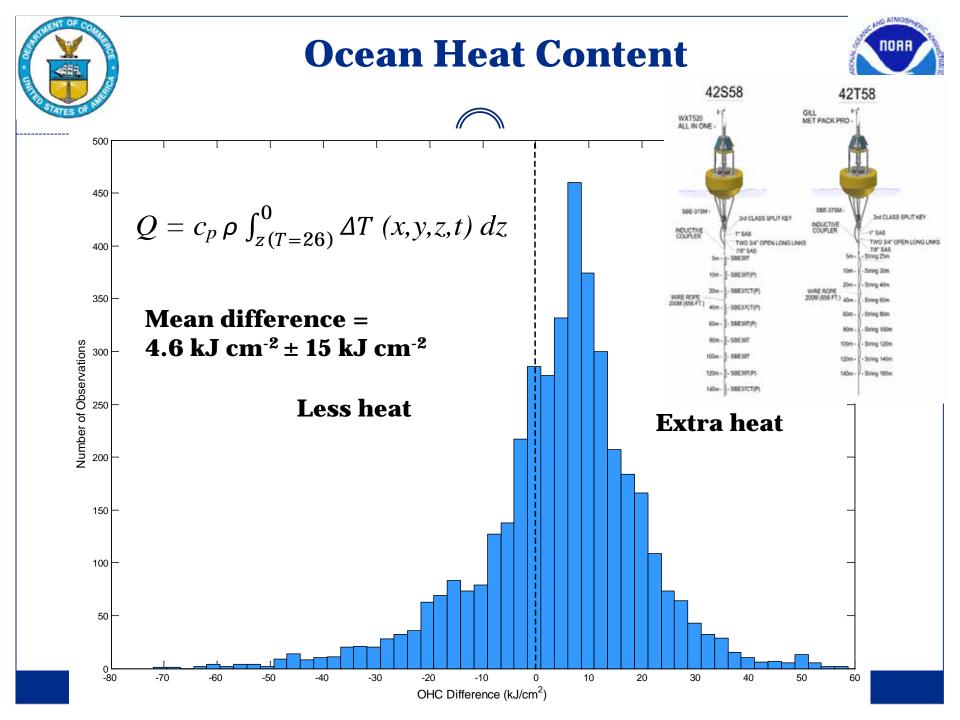
Waves: 41048

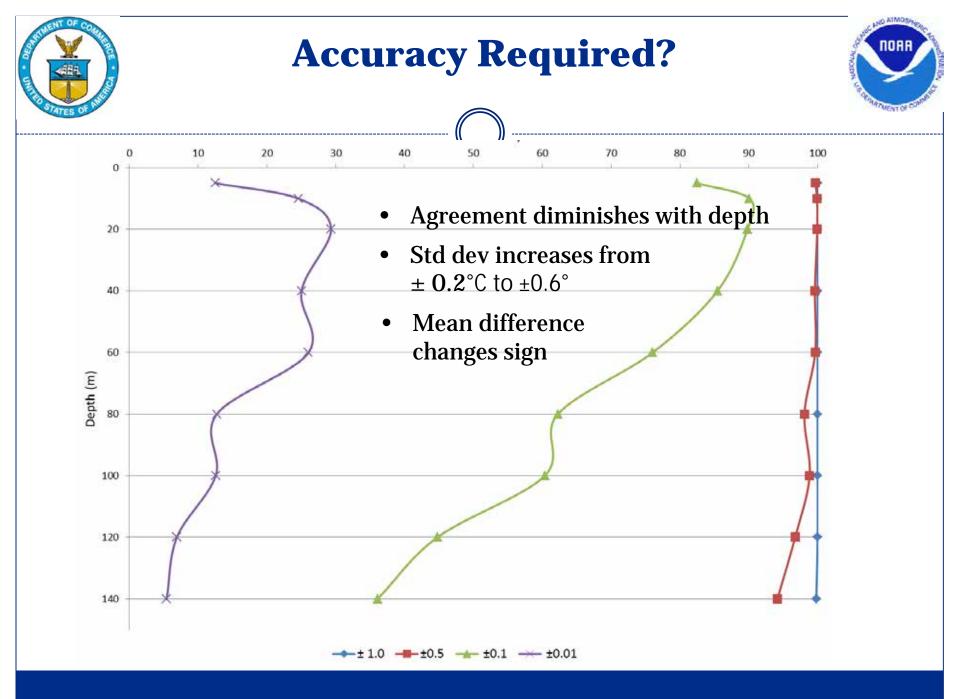
09/12

00Z

09/12

12Z







Summary



- Value of buoy observations: initialization, validation, testing/calibration.
- Different spatial representation, buoys ~ order of magnitude smaller, capture temporal variability.
- Geographical sampling biases due to scarcity of highquality buoy data
- Technology refresh
 - High-resolution RT data to GTS
 - Cameras
 - Subsurface observations OHC
 - Accuracy