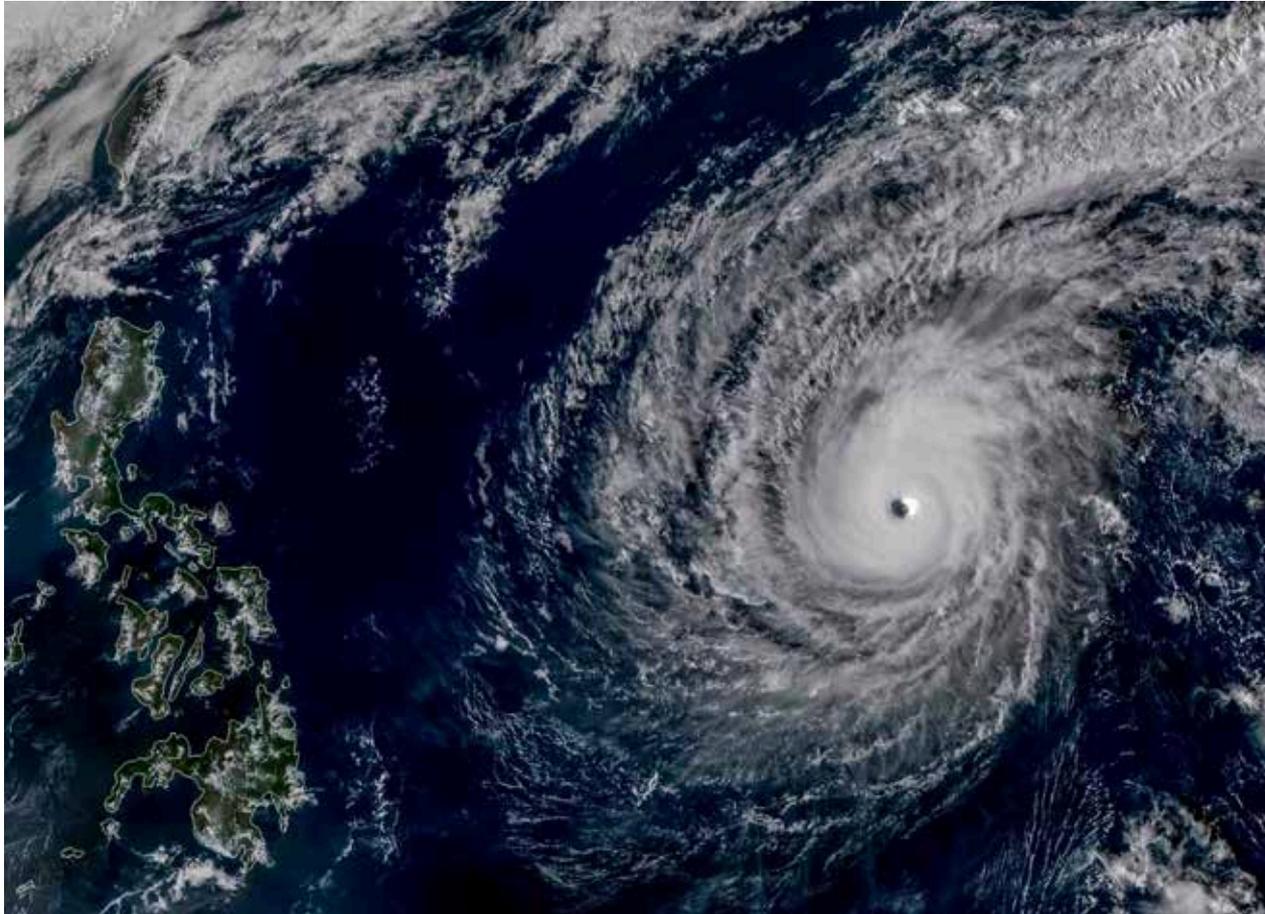




JTWC: New Products and Services / Research and Development

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**Presented by Mr. Matthew Kucas, Technical Services Team
12 March 2019**



JTWC: New Products and Services



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- Expressing uncertainty (prognostic reasoning)
 - Current process: Uncertainty subjectively assessed by forecasters
 - Developing procedures to objectively classify analysis position, track forecast and intensity forecast spread
- NWS customer support
 - Increasing operational coordination with WSO American Samoa
- Two-week TC formation outlooks
 - Operational products available to DoD entities

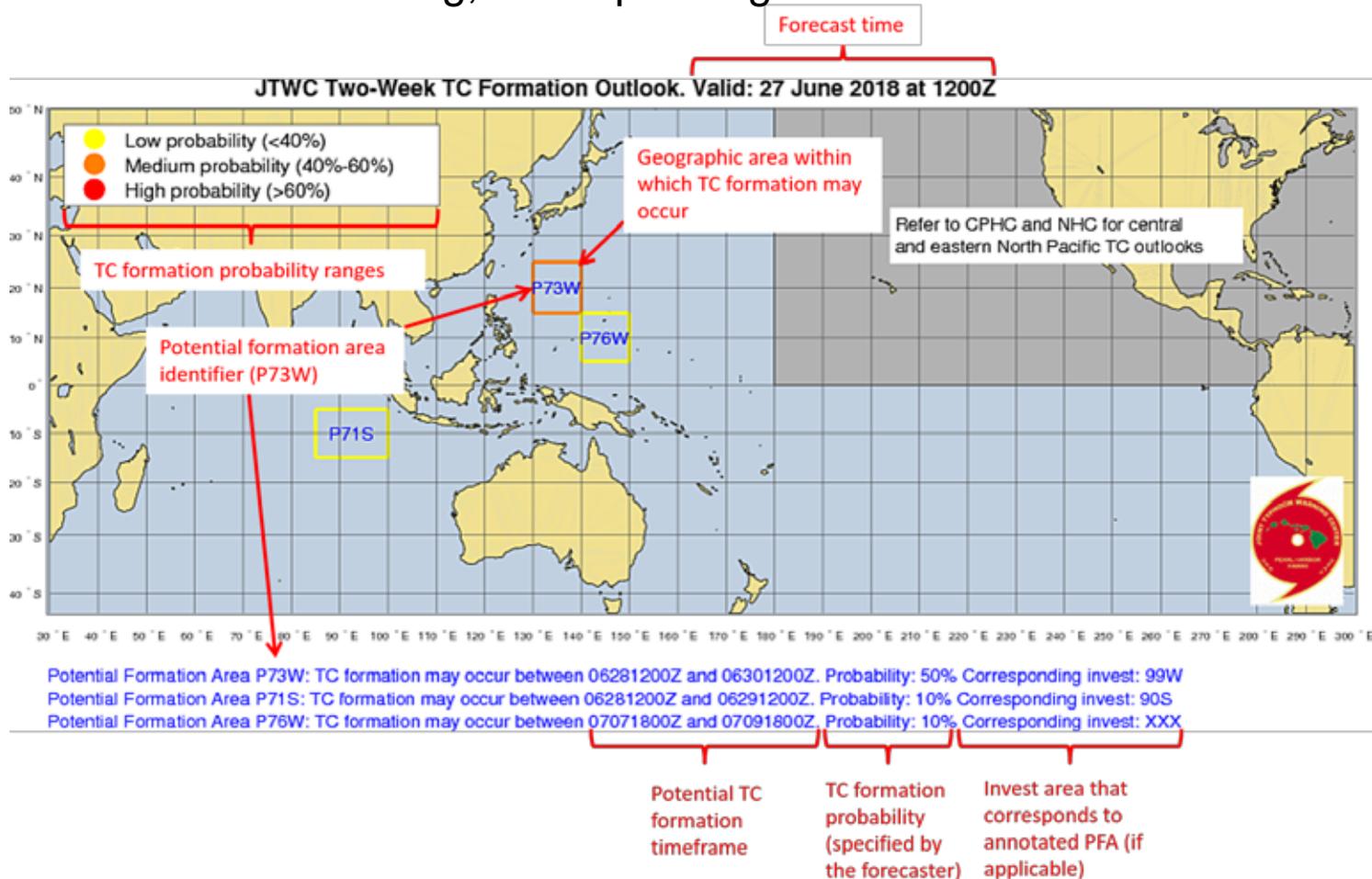


New Products and Services: Two-week Formation Outlook

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- Regularly issued once every 12 hours; reissued to ensure classifications consistent with existing, corresponding invest areas





New Products and Services: Two-week Formation Outlook

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- Detailed information for each area identified in two-week outlook, including prospective formation location and timeline
- Future work: Accompanying text discussion, forecast initial motion vector

Time to formation based on first warning time estimate and graphic update time

Projected invest classification times, based on first warning time estimate (middle of formation timeframe)

Potential Formation Area P73W status
Based on 062712Z forecast
Updated 6/27/2018 at 22:19Z

TC formation probability: 50%
TC may form between 28/12Z and 30/12Z
Est. time to formation: 1.6 days (~29/12Z)

Projected classification timeline:
Invest: 24/12Z
Low: 26/12Z
Medium: 27/12Z
High: 28/12Z
First warning: 29/12Z

Corresponding invest designator: 99W



Geographic area within which TC formation may occur



JTWC: Process Development



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- AWIPS
 - Hardware installed; training and procedure development in progress
 - Operational application anticipated by end CY 2019
 - Prospective GALWEM GRIB data ingest
- Intensity analysis using microwave satellite imagery
 - AF Institute of Technology students recently completed Masters thesis relating microwave imagery patterns to TC intensity
 - Further work required to apply findings operationally
- SMAP / SMOS
 - Imagery and ATCF fixes available to forecasters for TC intensity analysis



SMAP in ATCF



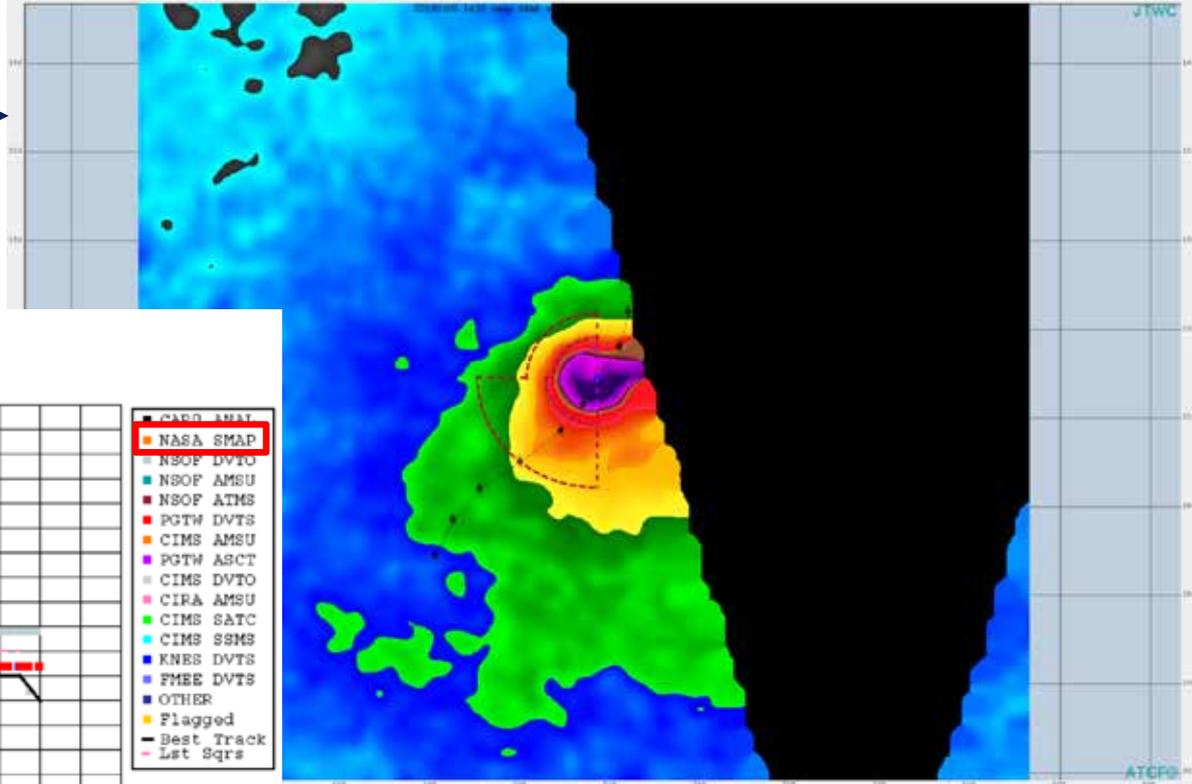
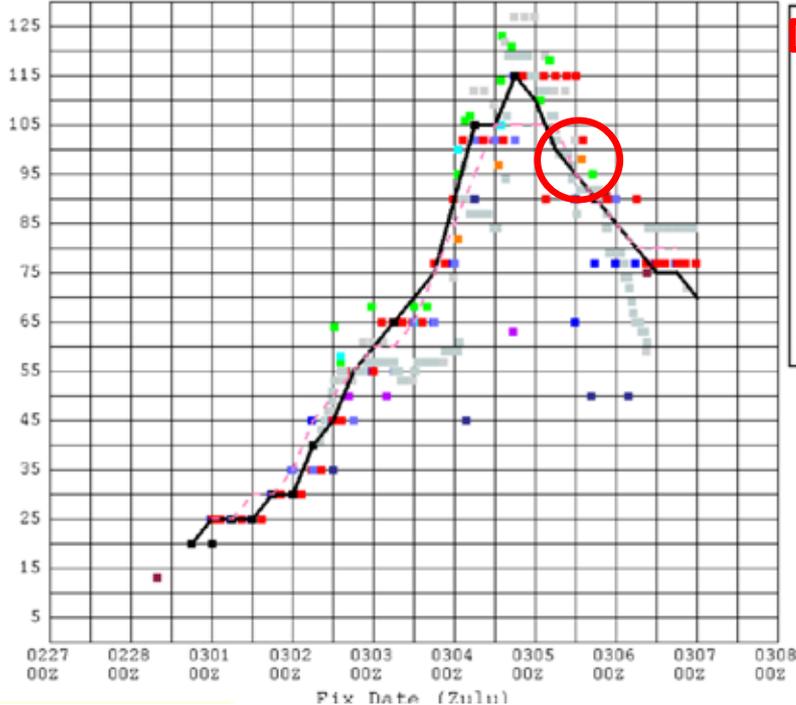
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Image overlays
(clickable for data values)



Fix Time Intensity for 178

Intensity (kts)



Max intensity and wind radii estimates (fixes)



JTWC R&D Needs

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Priority	Need
1 TC Intensity Change	<i>Basin-specific</i> (WESTPAC, SHEM, NIO, SIO, and SWPAC) probabilistic and deterministic <i>forecast guidance for TC intensity change, particularly</i> the onset, duration, and magnitude of <i>rapid intensity change</i> events (including ERC, over-water weakening, etc.) at 2-3 day lead times.
2 TC Structure Specification	<i>Basin-specific</i> (WESTPAC, SHEM, NIO, SIO, and SWPAC) probabilistic and deterministic guidance for the <i>specification</i> (analysis and forecast) <i>of key TC structure variables, including</i> the production of 34-, 50- and 64- knot wind radii and a <i>dynamic</i> (situational) confidence-based <i>swath</i> of potential 34-kt wind impacts
3 Data Exploitation	Techniques or products that <i>improve</i> the utility and <i>exploitation of microwave satellite, ocean surface wind vectors, and radar data</i> for fixing (center, intensity, radii) TCs, or for diagnosing RI, ETT, ERC, etc. (e.g., develop a “Dvorak-like” technique using microwave imagery).
4 TC Track Improvement	Model enhancements or guidance to <i>improve TC track forecast skill and the conveyance of probabilistic track uncertainty</i> . Includes development of guidance-on-guidance to identify and reduce forecast error outliers resulting from large speed (e.g., accelerating recurvers) and directional (e.g., loops) errors, or from specific forecast problems such as upper-level trough interaction, near/over-land, elevated terrain, and extratropical transition.
5 TC Genesis Timing and Forecast	Guidance to <i>improve the forecasting of TC genesis timing</i> and the subsequent track, intensity and structure of pre-genesis tropical disturbances at both the short-range (0-48 hours) and the medium-range (48-120 hours), that exhibits a high probability of detection and a low false alarm rate. Techniques to diagnose and predict the formation of TCs via transition of non-classical disturbances (e.g. monsoon depressions, sub-tropical, hybrids, etc).



JTWC R&D Efforts

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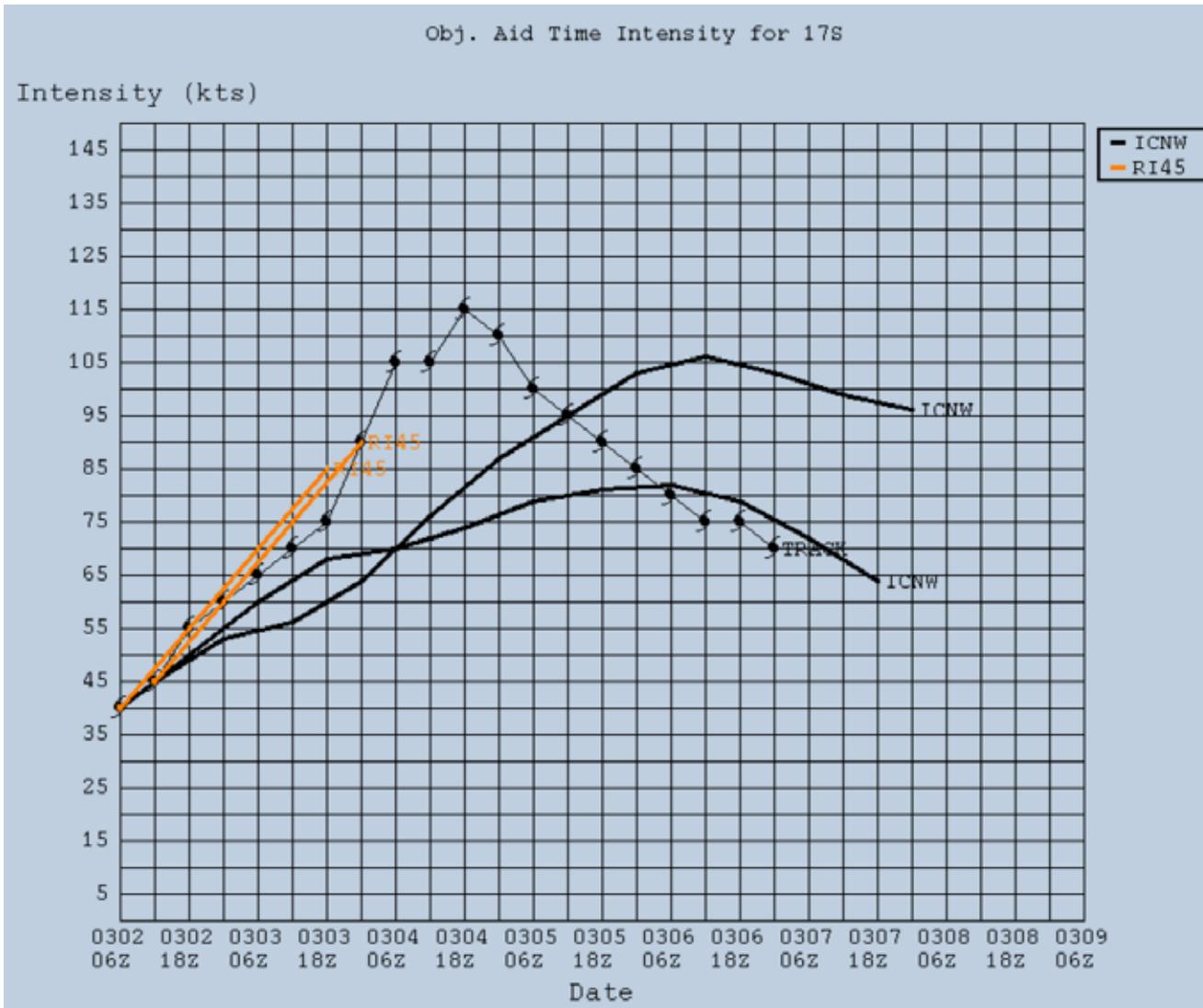


- 1) TC intensity change
 - SHIPS-RI forecasts (through 48 hours) presented to forecasters and included in intensity consensus when available
- 2) TC structure specification
 - SHIPS forecasts incorporated into wind radii consensus
 - TC diagnostics website development (M. Fiorino)
- 3) Data exploitation
 - MK-IVB satellite imagery enhancements and ATCF overlay generation
 - GIS-based observation and model data display systems
- 4) TC track forecast improvement
 - Updated track forecast consensus
- 5) TC genesis timing and forecast
 - Processing NCEP and ECMWF pre-formation track and intensity forecasts for two-week formation areas
 - JHT project: WAIP (analog) technique for pre-formation intensity outlook



RIPA (SHIPS-RI)

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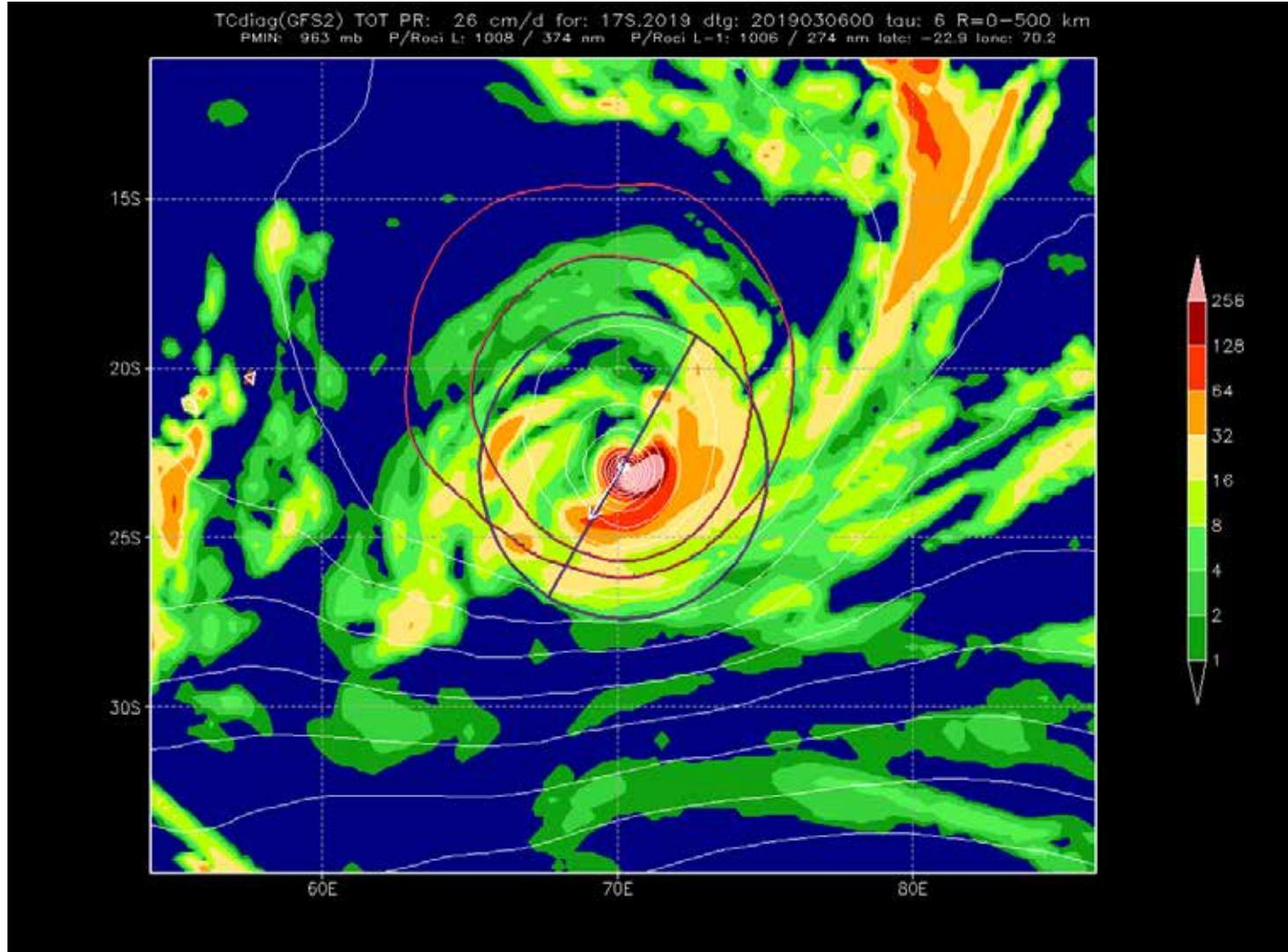




TC Diagnostics Website



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Questions?