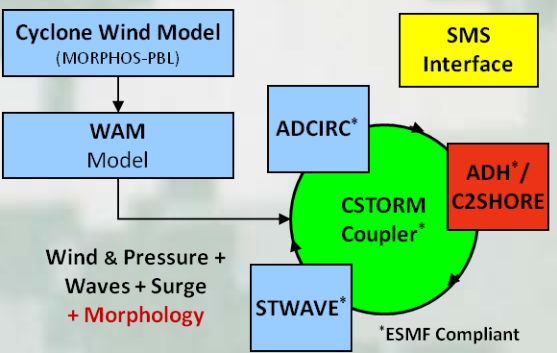


ERDC's Coastal Storm (CSTORM) Modeling System

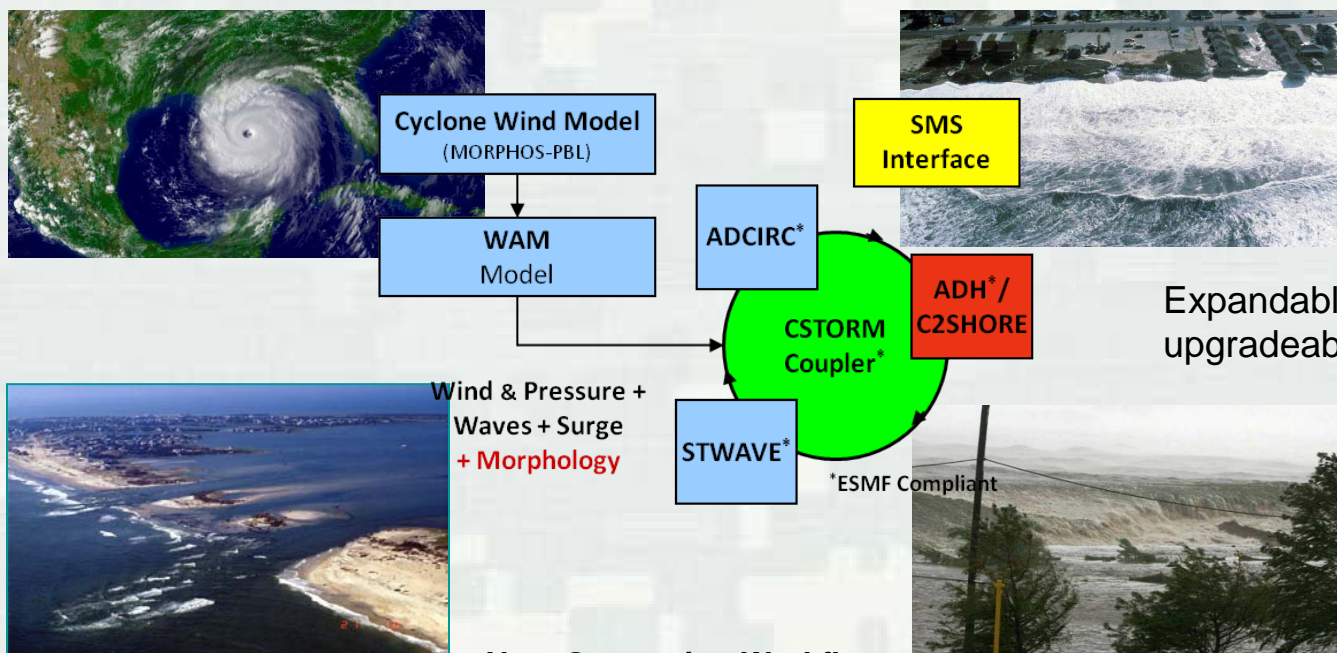
Chris Massey, PhD
 Research Mathematician
 USACE-ERDC
 Coastal & Hydraulics Lab
 Chris.Massey@usace.army.mil



ERDC's Coastal Storm-Modeling System

Application of high-resolution, highly skilled numerical models in a tightly integrated modeling system with user friendly interfaces

Not just hurricanes and not just in the Gulf of Mexico.



Expandable and upgradeable system.

Next Generation Workflow

Provides for a robust, standardized approach to establishing the risk of coastal communities to future occurrences of storm events.



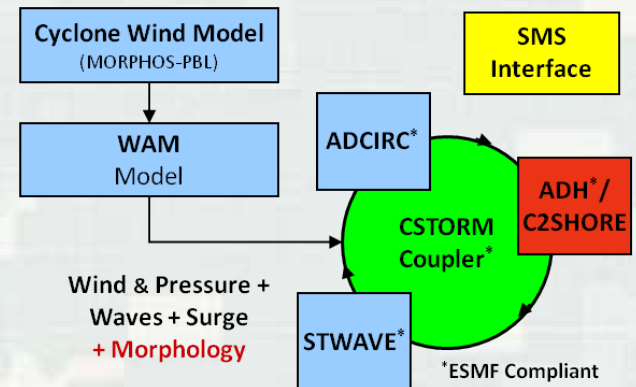


CSTORM-MS Technology Applications

- **Loose Model Coupling** (Prior to 2009)
 - Interagency Performance Evaluation Task Force (**IPET**)
 - Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration (**LaCPR - MVN**)
 - Mississippi Coastal Improvement Program (**MsCIP - SAM**)
 - Flood mapping for Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Chesapeake Bay (**FEMA**)
 - Morganza to the Gulf Hurricane Protection Project (**MVN**)
 - Inner Harbor Navigation Canal (**IHNC**) closure (**MVN**)
 - Plaquemines Parish flood protection planning (**Plaquemines Parish**)
 - Guidance for new “PMH” coastal surge estimates for licensing (**Nuclear Regulatory Commission**)
 - Waves inside Harbor Mouths (**POA**)
 - New Orleans Litigation (**Department of Justice**)
 - New wave model evaluation technique (**NOAA**)

- **Tight Model Coupling (Alpha Version)**
 - Finished in the Fall of 2009
 - ERDC users for Corps projects (MsCIP and LaRose)

- **Tight Model Coupling (CSTORM-MS)**
 - Finished in June of 2010
 - ERDC users for Nuclear Regulatory Commission project 2011-12
 - Hurricane Isaac (HSDRRS Evaluation) 2012
 - Jackson State University (IKE Dike evaluation) 2013
 - North Atlantic Coast Comprehensive Study (NACCS) 2013-14



CSTORM System Components 2014

- **Winds/Pressure:** PBL Cyclone Model

- **Waves:**

- ▶ Regional: WAM
- ▶ Nearshore: STWAVE*

- **Circulation/Surge:**

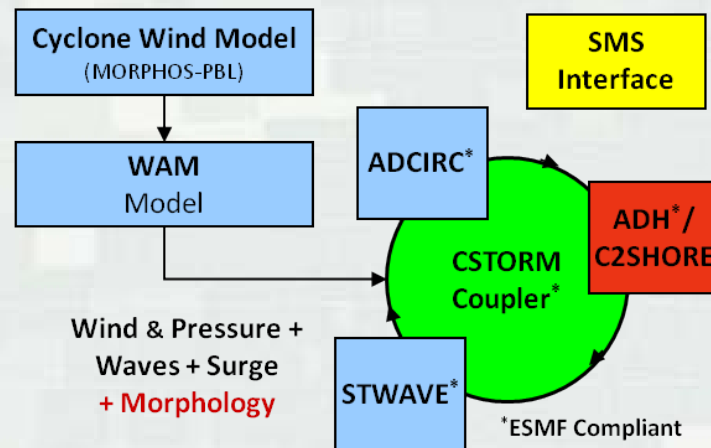
- ▶ ADCIRC*
- ▶ ADH*

- **Morphology:** SEDLIB/C2Shore

- **Coupling Framework:** CSTORM-MS*

- **Graphical User Interface:** SMS

- **Unstructured Waves, Overland Flow, SEA Ice DEM – FY15-17?**



Earth System Modeling Framework (ESMF) Compliance

- Multiple federal agency support ESMF
- ESMF compliant models are readily available to be linked with each other and with other agencies' ESMF compliant models.
- Individual models stay virtually autonomous when coupling.



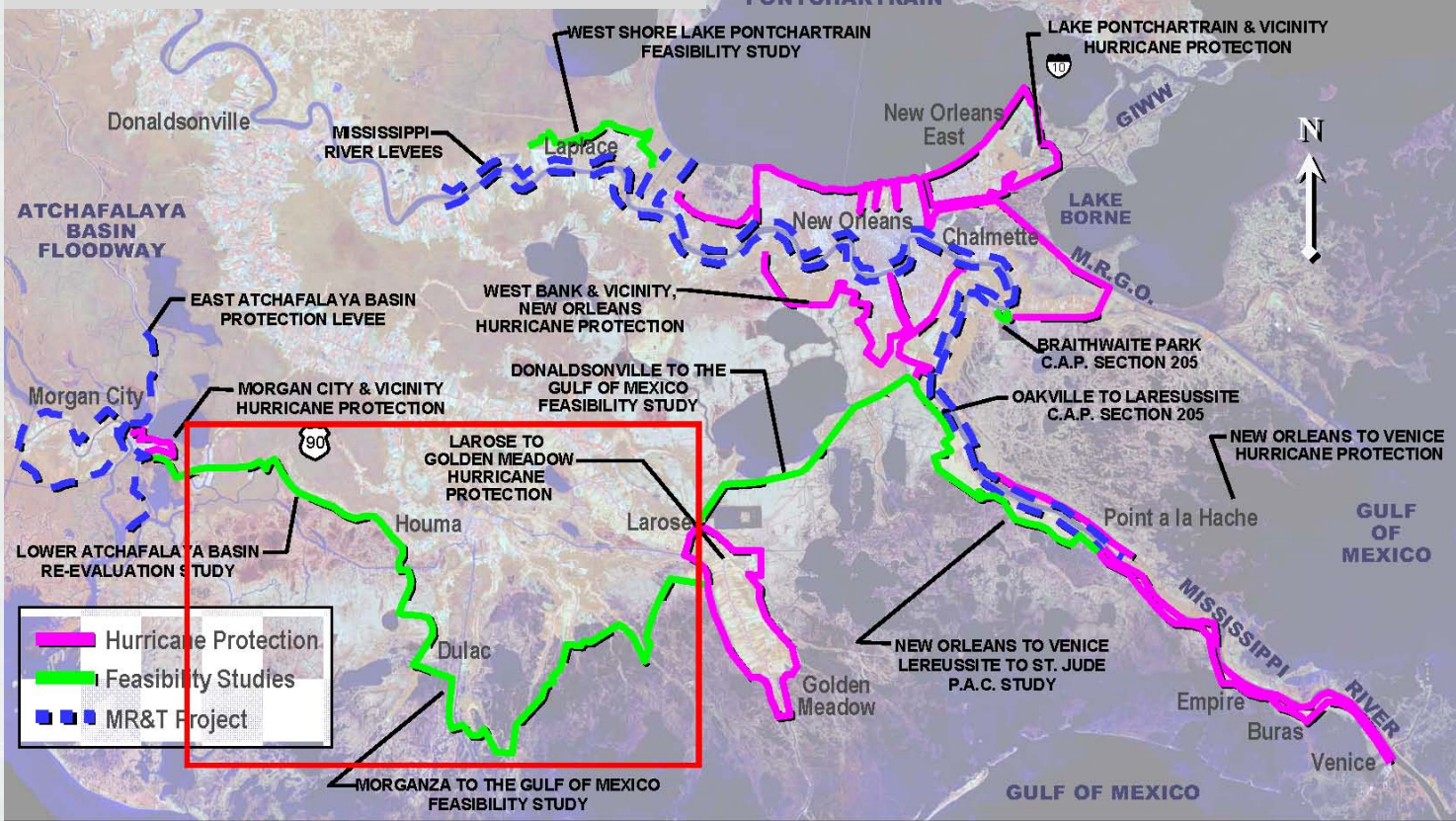
BUILDING



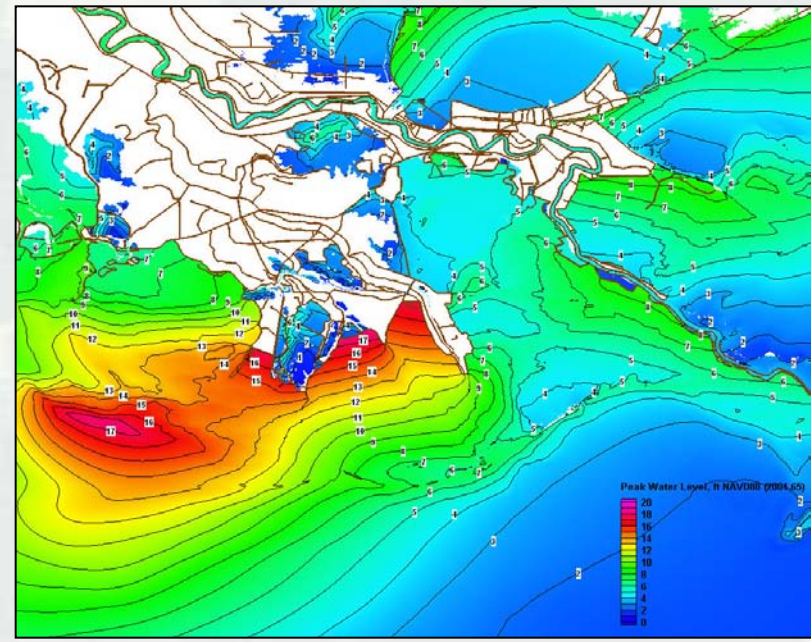
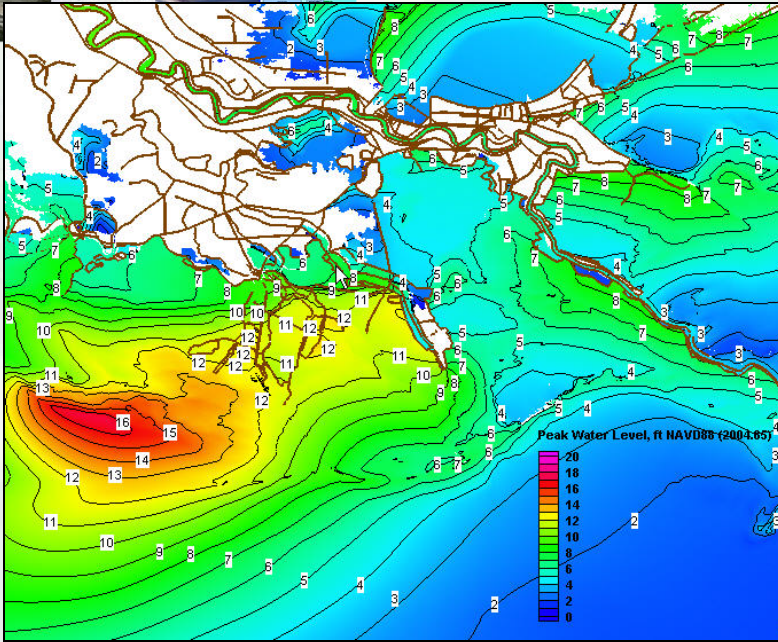
er, better world

An Example USACE Storm Surge Project

Morganza to the Gulf of Mexico Feasibility Study

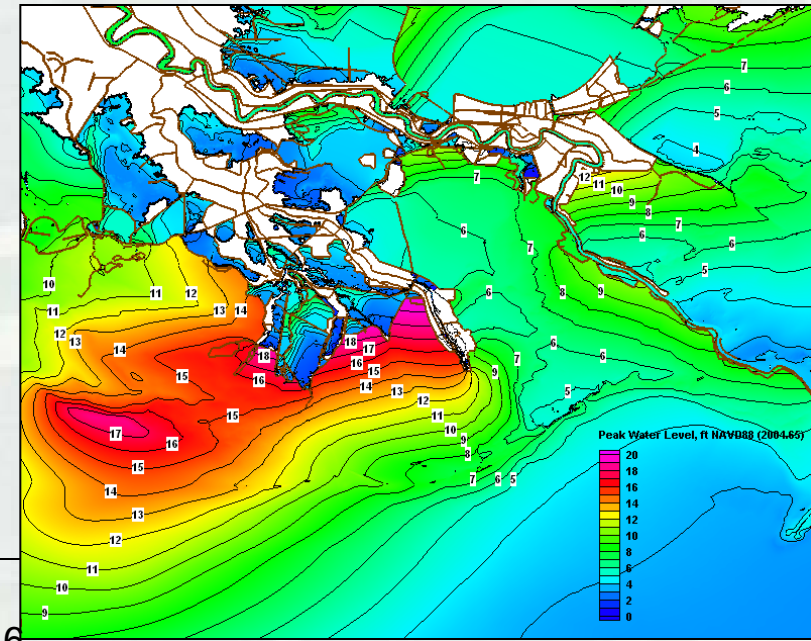
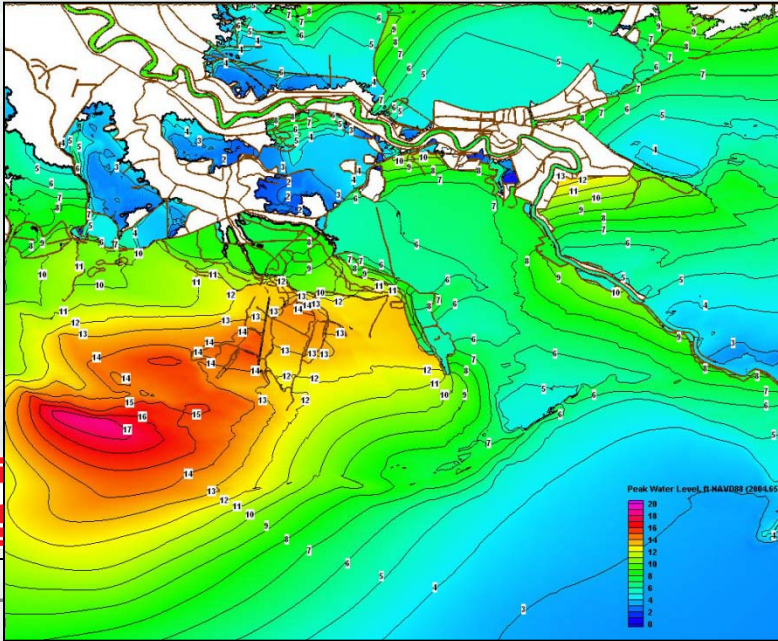


Existing Water Level



Existing Water Level

Sea Level Rise 0.35 m



Sea Level Rise 0.35 m



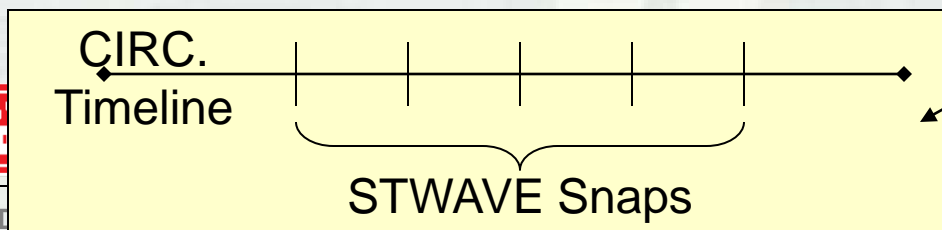
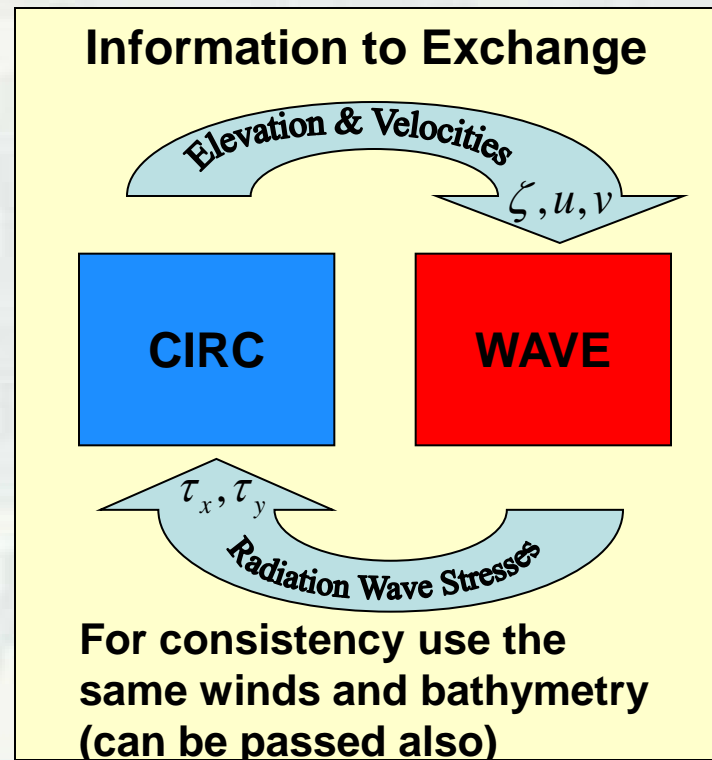
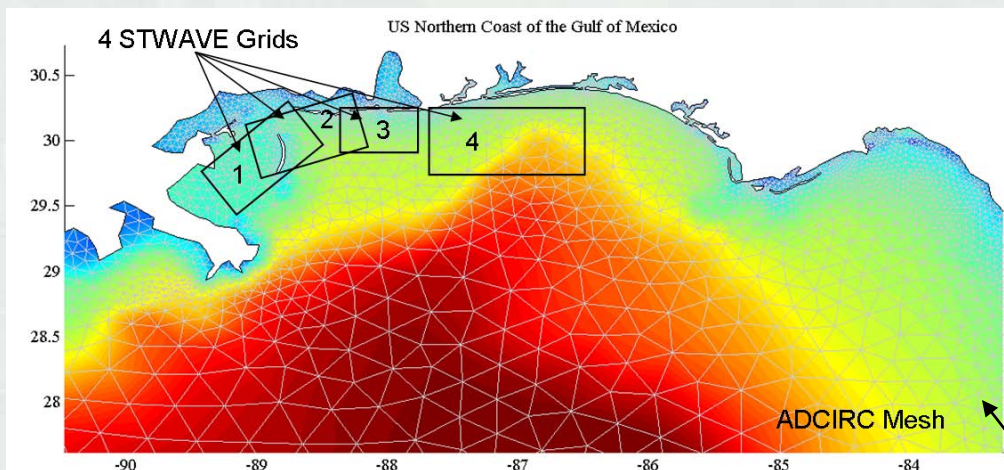
BUILD



world

Tight Two-Way Coupling Circulation \leftrightarrow Wave

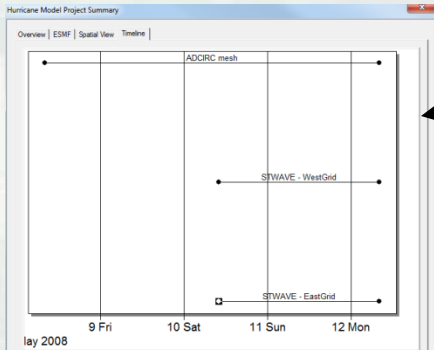
- One unstructured finite element circulation mesh
 - A single instance of ADCIRC/ADH
- One or more structured wave grids
 - Multiple instances of STWAVE
 - Half-Plane
 - Full-Plane



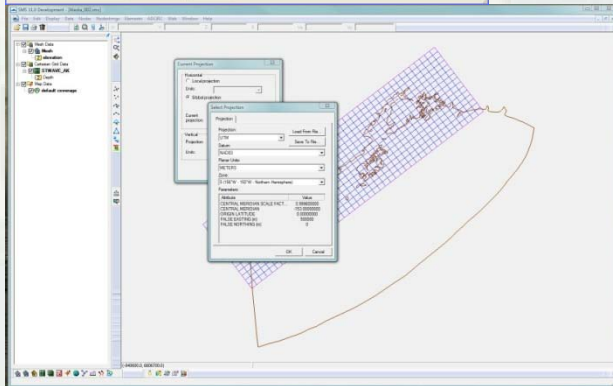
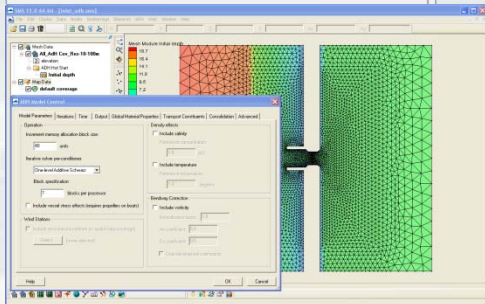
Need to be able to synchronize both time and spatial frames of reference.

SMS GUI's

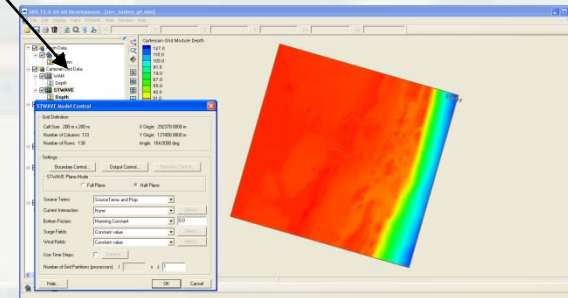
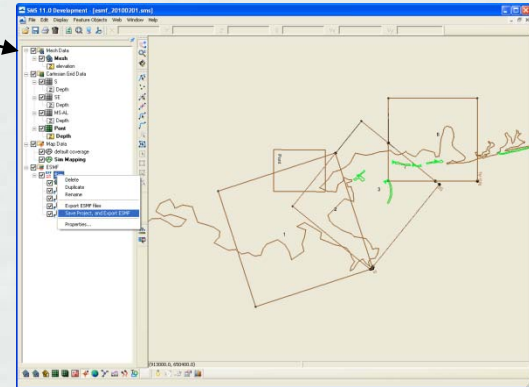
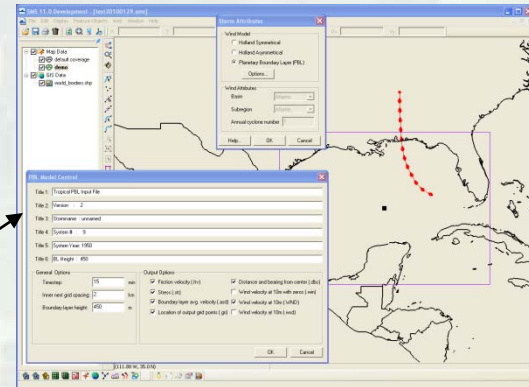
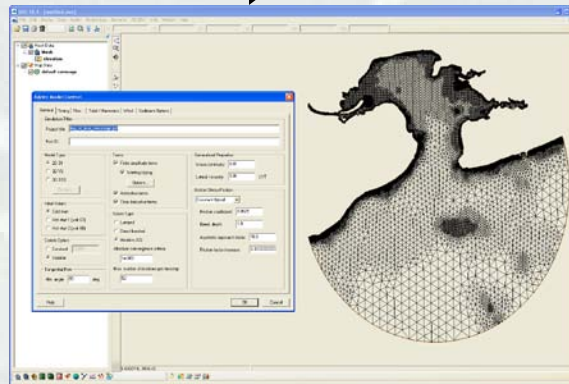
Through the SMS GUI's users can setup and execute models as well as visualize model results.



- New GUI for Project Overview
- New GUI for MORPHOS PBL Cyclone Model
- New GUI for CSTORM Coupled Models



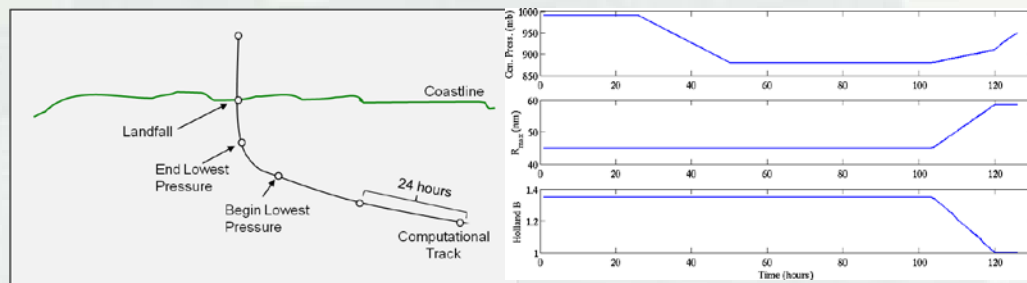
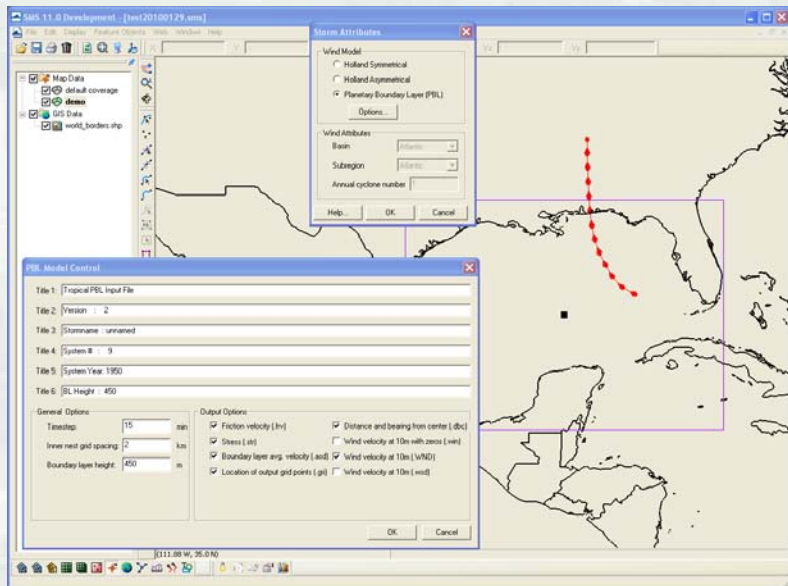
- Updated GUI for AdH
- New GUI for WAM Wave Model
- Updated GUI for STWAVE
- Updated GUI for ADCIRC



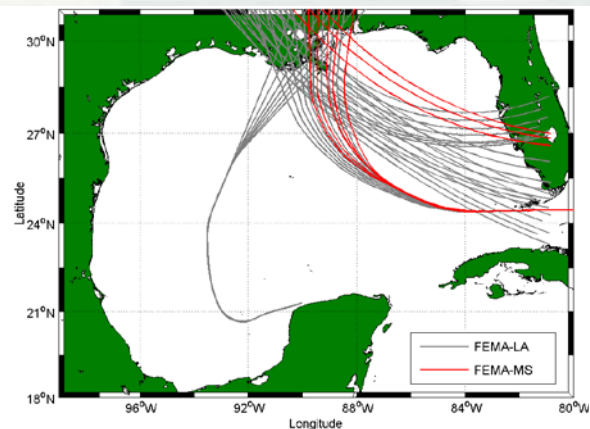
SMS GUI for Cyclone Models

- Setup and run the MORPHOS-PBL Cyclone Wind Model* *Updated version of TC96
- Import storms from HURDAT

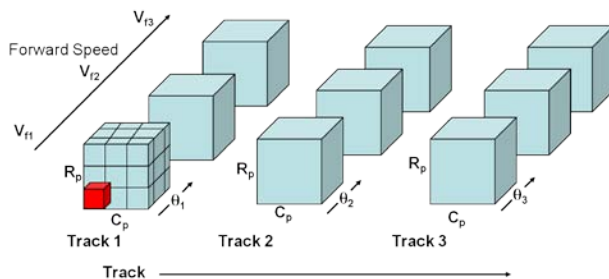
Synthetic storm profile generation routine



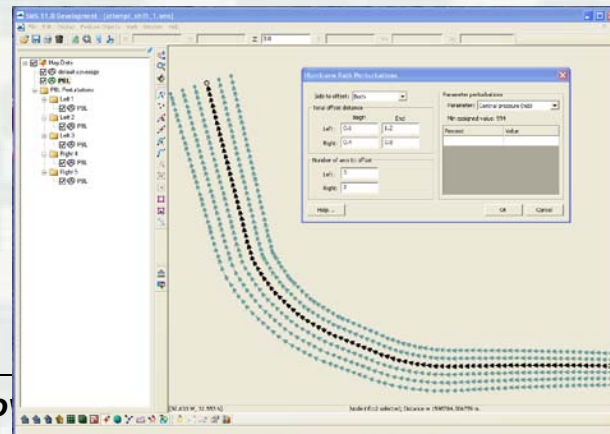
Easily create perturbations for storm track/characteristic



Storm Parameters applied in JPM-OS



For any location....
each red box (parameter set) has a joint probability density and a response (surge).

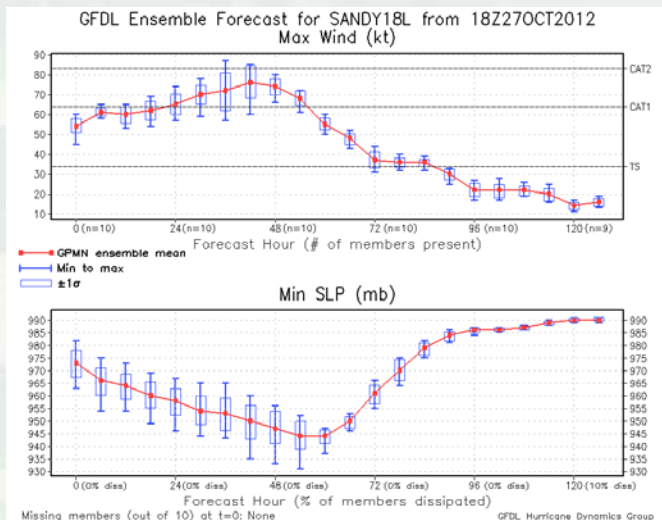


*GFDL Met Option for CSTORM

The NWS/Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory model. The GFDL and HWRF models are the only models that provide specific intensity forecasts of hurricanes. More detailed GFDL information is available at

<http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov>.

1. Operational Hurricane Forecast
2. Ensemble Hurricane Modeling



*This is an ongoing collaboration with Morris Bender and Matt Morin at NOAA's GFDL.

GFDL Hurricane Model Ensemble - 2012 HFIP Demo

Products browser

Page will reload after each selection

- 1.) Select a storm: SANDY18L
- 2.) Select a date: 2012102512_SANDY18L
- 3.) Select a product:
- 4.) Click: [View products](#)

GFDL ensemble forecast for SANDY18L on 2012102512

Disclaimer: These are experimental research products and are not intended to replace the official forecasts issued by the [National Hurricane Center](#) and/or [National Weather Service](#).

[Click here for a printer-friendly display of all GFDL ensemble products for this forecast.](#)

List of most recently added forecasts:

Use the 'Products browser' to load the graphics for a particular forecast

Forecast preview

6-hourly Track and Intensity (kt) for SANDY18L

GFDL ensemble forecast for the '06 hrs from 12Z25OCT2012

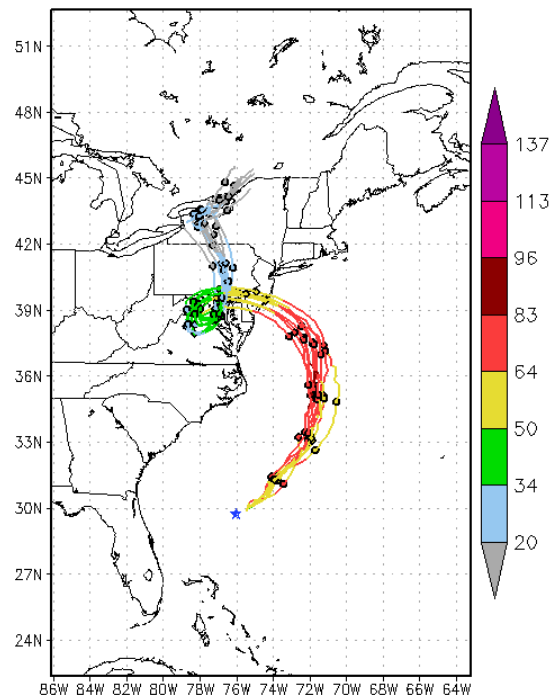
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*GFDL Ensemble for Hurricane Sandy

Ensemble Members

ATCF ID	Description
GP00/GT00	Control forecast (same model as NCEP 2013 operational GFDL)
GP01/GT01	Unbogussed forecast using the 2013 control model
GP02/GT02 ↑	Increase NHC-observed V_{max} 10%, 34-kt radii 25%, 50-kt radii 40%, ROCI 25%
GP03/GT03 ↓	Decrease NHC-observed V_{max} 10%, 34-kt radii 25%, 50-kt radii 40%, ROCI 25%
GP04/GT04 ↑	Modification to increase inner-core moisture by a max of 10%
GP05/GT05 ↓	Modification to decrease inner-core moisture by a max of 10%
GP06/GT06 ↑	Increase SSTs by a max of 1°C within the initial extent of the TC
GP07/GT07 ↓	Decrease SSTs by a max of 2°C within the initial extent of the TC
GP08/GT08 ↑	Surface physics modification: <i>GFDL 2011 operational formulation of C_D & C_H</i> (surface drag and enthalpy exchange coefficients)
GP09/GT09 ↓	Surface physics modification: <i>HWRF 2012 operational formulation of C_D & C_H</i> (surface drag and enthalpy exchange coefficients)
GPMN/GTMN	Ensemble mean computed at each lead time where the member availability is at least 4 members (40% threshold)

Hourly Track and Intensity (kt) for SANDY18L
GFDL ensemble forecast for the 126 hrs from 18Z27OCT2012



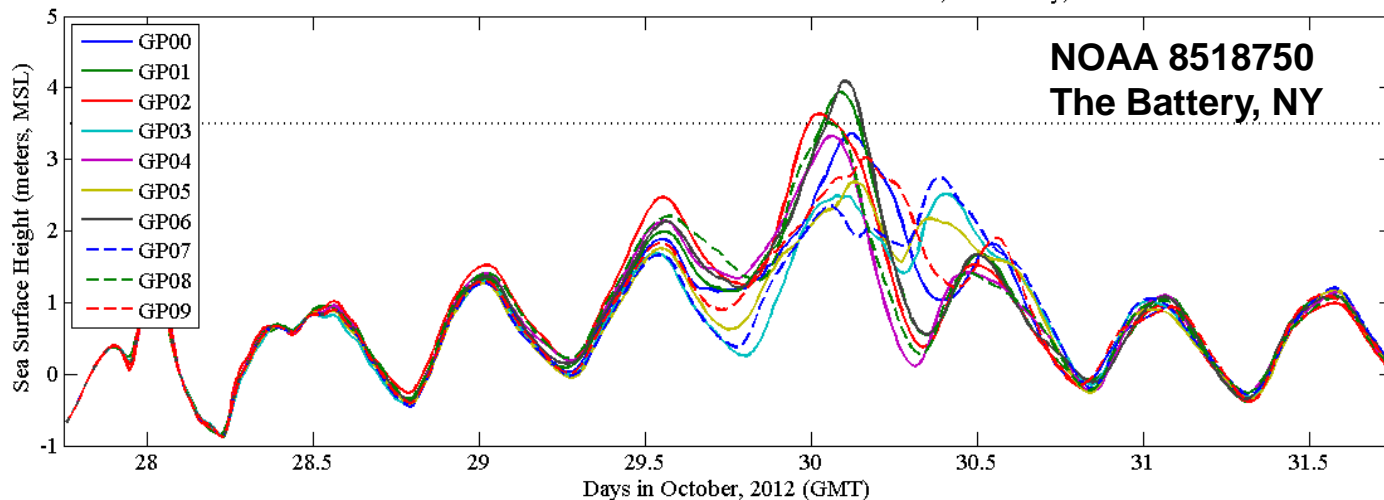
g members (out of 10) at t=0: 0 Track forecast positions are marked every 12 hrs
SANDY18L observed center at initial time GFDL Hurricane Dynamics Group



*This is an ongoing collaboration with Morris Bender and Matt Morin at NOAA's GFDL.

ADCIRC Sea Surface Elevations Using GFDL Ensemble (Sandy)

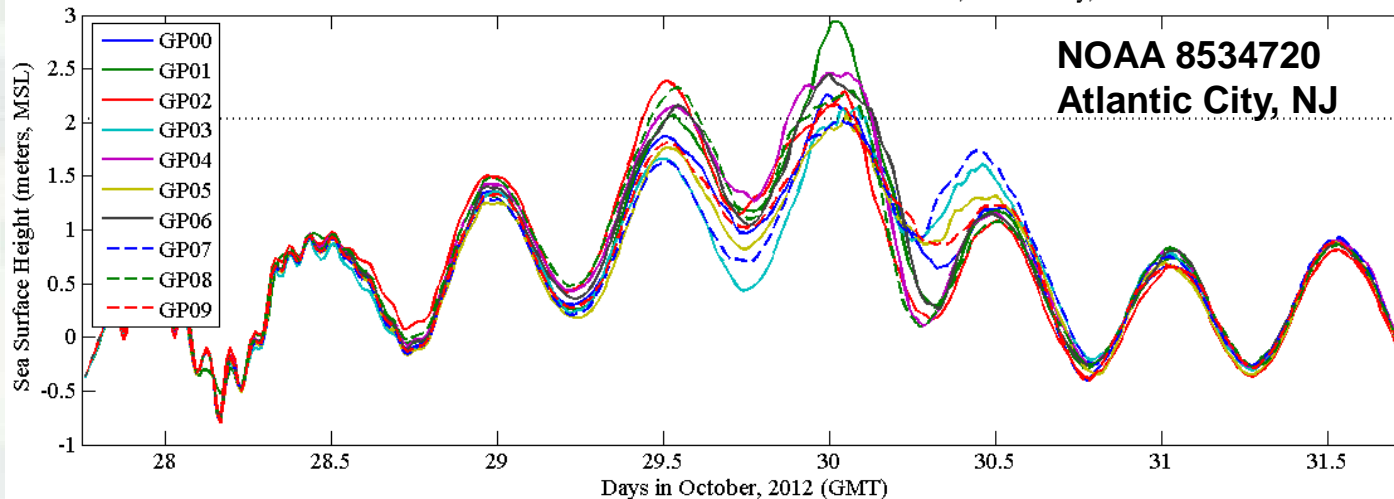
Ensemble Sea Surface Elevations at NOAA Station ID 8518750, The Battery, NY



**NOAA 8518750
The Battery, NY**

**ADCIRC
simulations
included tides,
winds and
pressures
(no waves)**

Ensemble Sea Surface Elevations at NOAA Station ID 8534720, Atlantic City, NJ

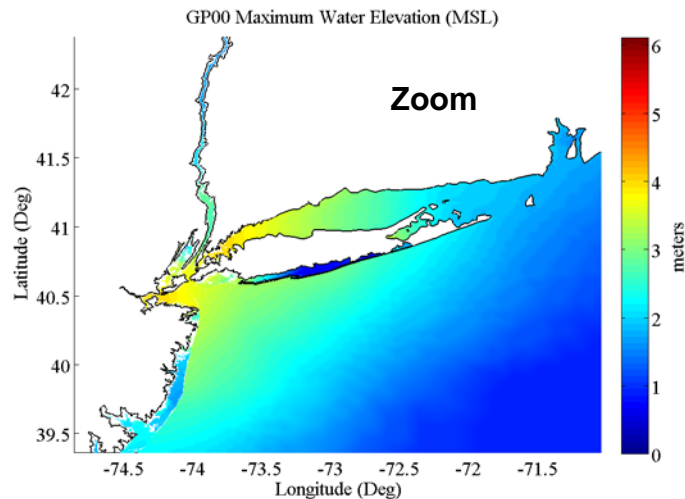
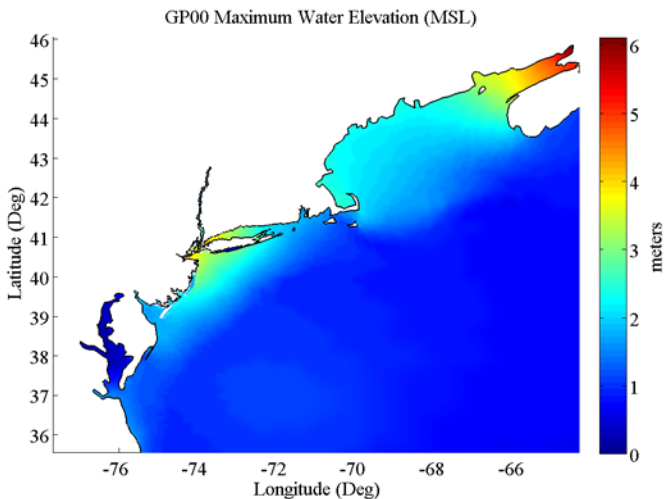


**NOAA 8534720
Atlantic City, NJ**

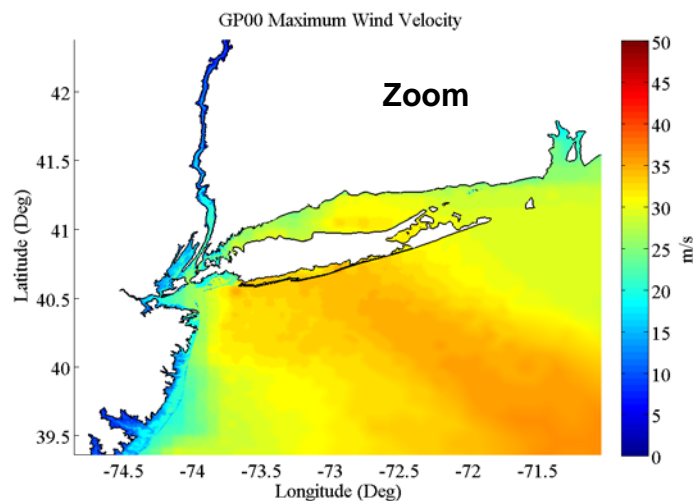
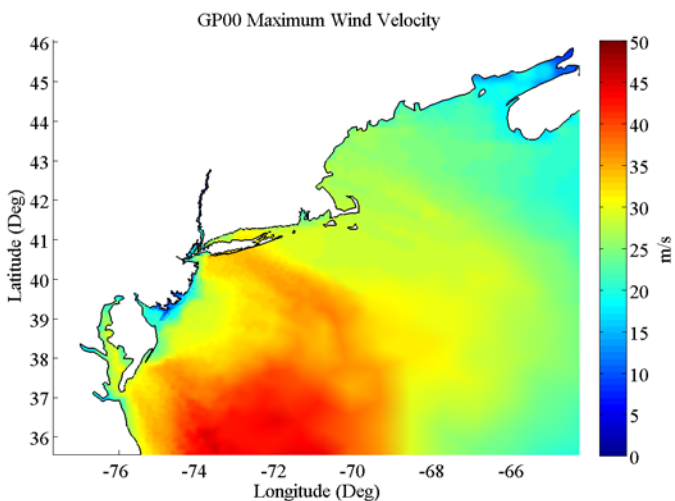
**GFDL Ensemble
from the 18Z
Oct. 27, 2012
product**



ADCIRC Maximum Sea Surface Elevations/Wind Velocity (GP00)



Maximum
Sea
Surface
Elevation

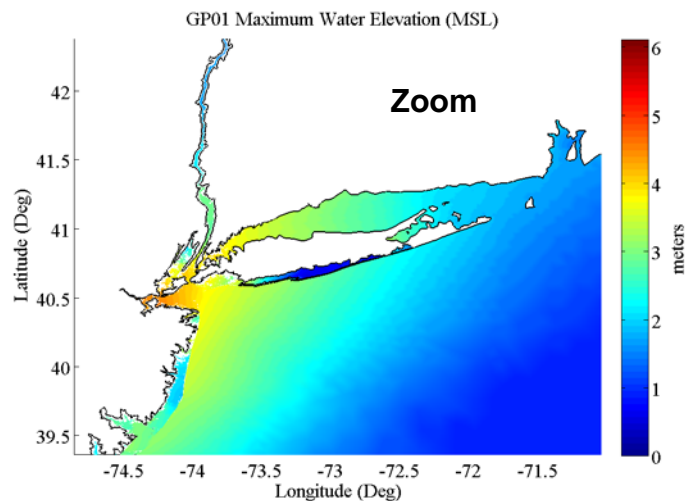
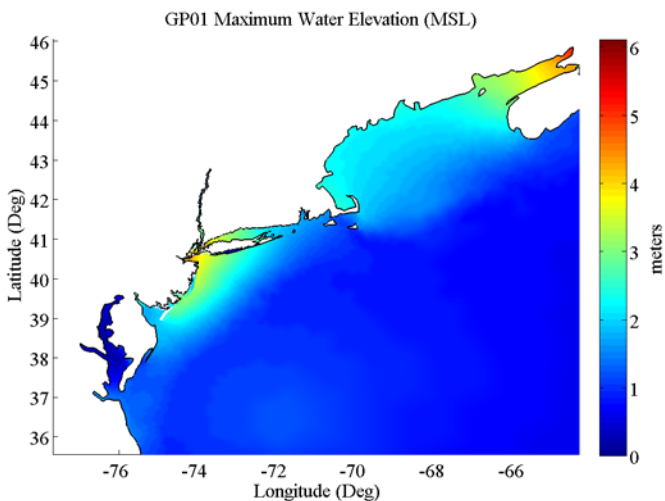


Maximum
Wind Velocity
(Interpolated)

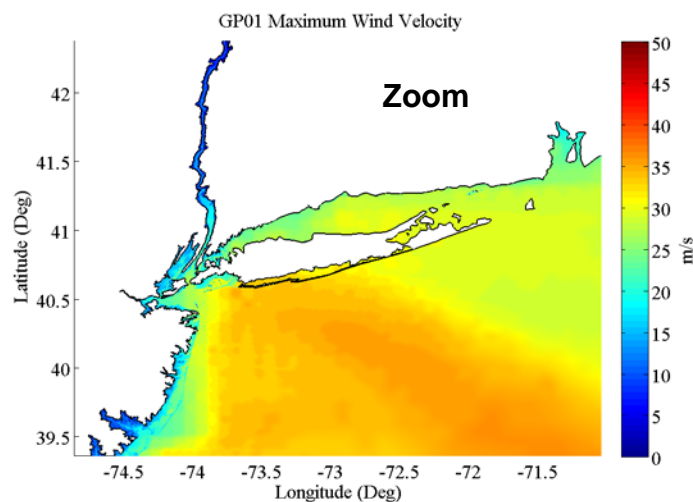
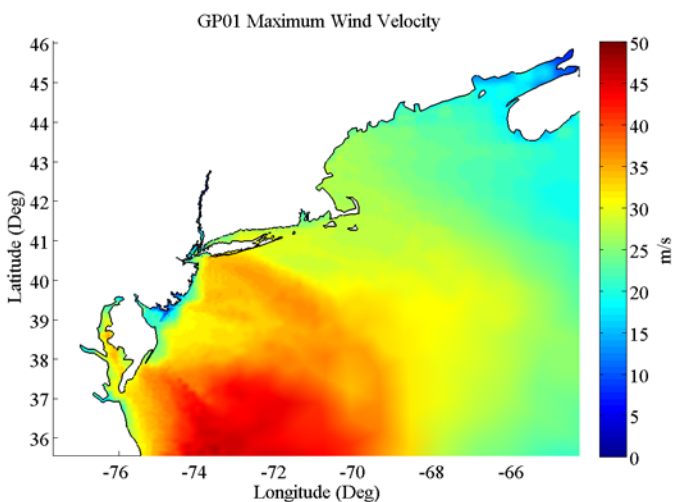


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ADCIRC Maximum Sea Surface Elevations/Wind Velocity (GP01)



Maximum
Sea
Surface
Elevation

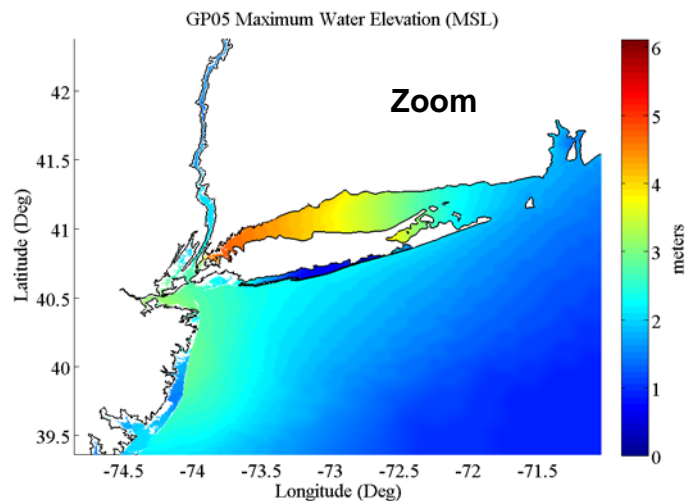
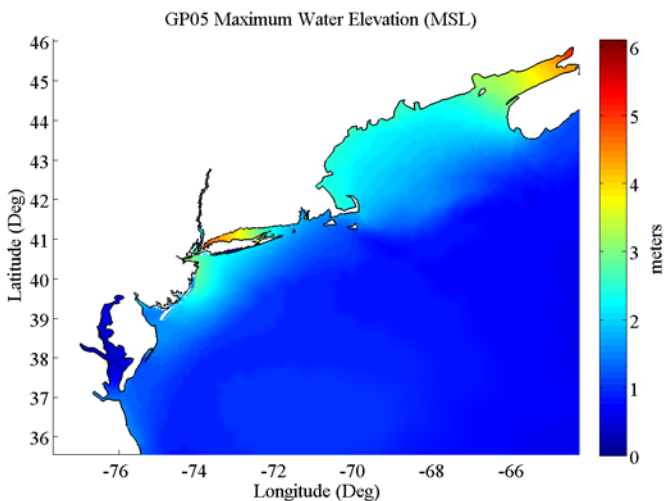


Maximum
Wind Velocity
(Interpolated)

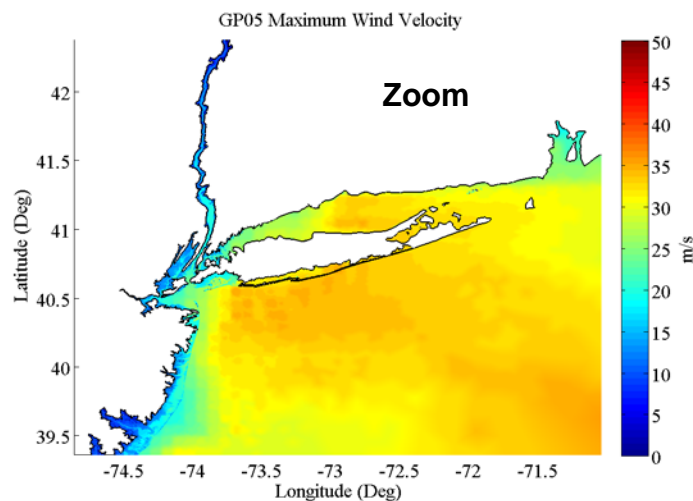
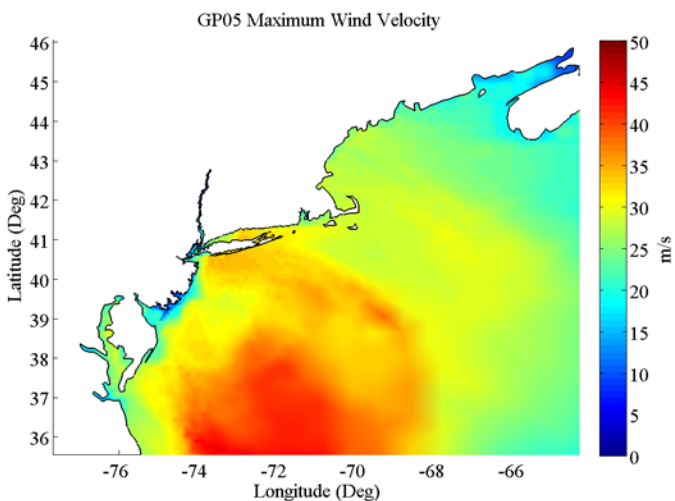


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ADCIRC Maximum Sea Surface Elevations/Wind Velocity (GP05)



Maximum
Sea
Surface
Elevation



Maximum
Wind Velocity
(Interpolated)



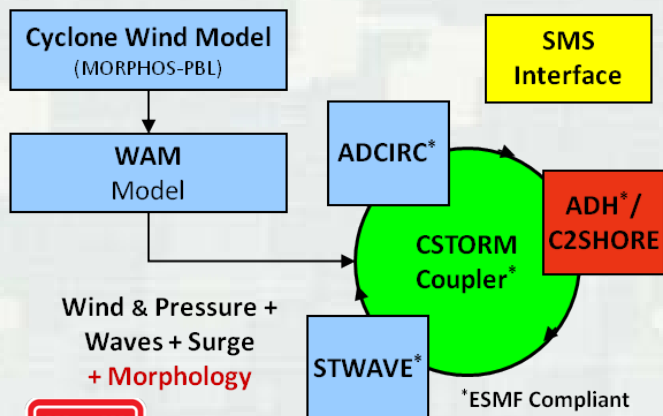
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Summary & Next Steps

- CSTORM-MS is a standardized, efficient, robust, extensible modeling system for quantifying the risk of coastal communities to storm events.
- Its' streamlined workflow saves time and reduces both computational and personnel cost.
- Linkage with GFDL ensemble products allows for “predictive” surge/wave modeling for impending coastal storm events.
- How to incorporate the ensemble “surge” results into a useful predictive product for USACE needs.

Project Level Mode



Ensemble Predictative Mode

