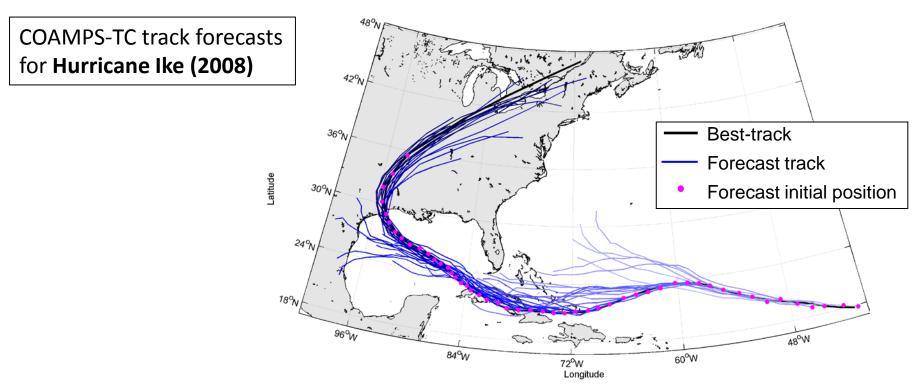


Diagnostic verification of COAMPS-TC performance for the HFIP retrospective forecasts

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66th Interdepartmental Hurricane Conference 7 March 2012

¹ Naval Research Laboratory ² SAIC



Acknowledgements: ONR and NOAA HFIP



Objective and Outline

Demonstrate verification methods we have utilized at NRL in development of COAMPS-TC, particularly as applied to the 2008/2009/2010 HFIP retrospective forecasts (~550 cases)



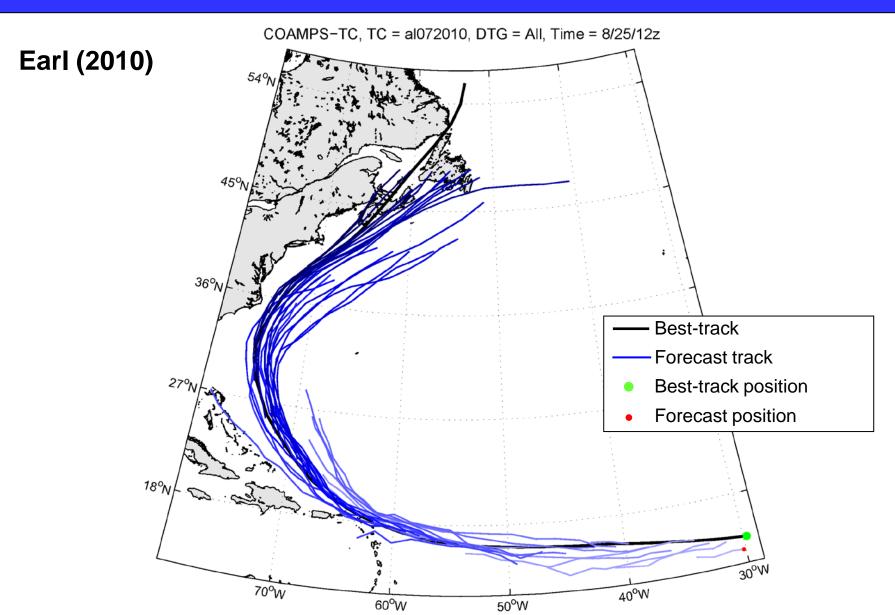
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Demonstrate verification methods we have utilized at NRL in development of COAMPS-TC, particularly as applied to the 2008/2009/2010 HFIP retrospective forecasts (~550 cases)

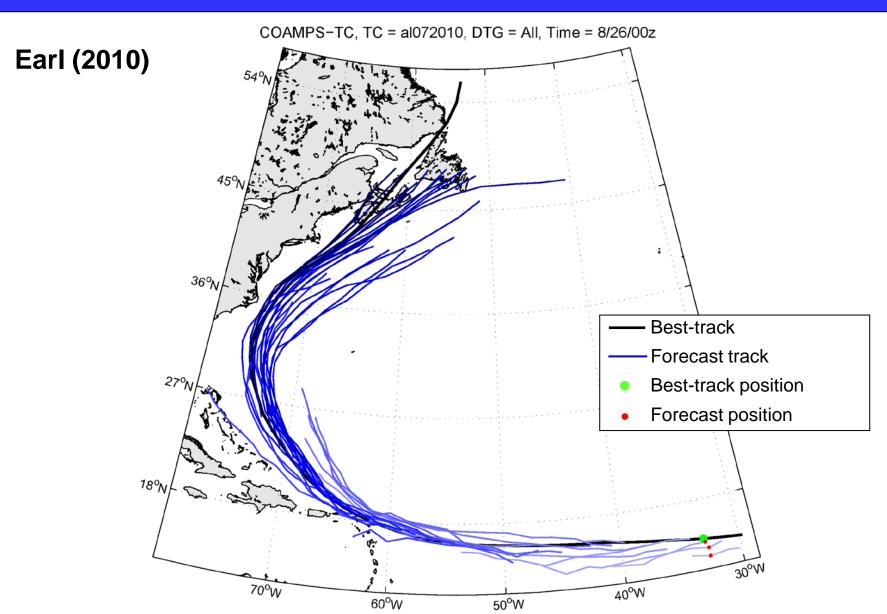
(1) Verification of COAMPS-TC track and intensity forecasts

- Storm-by-storm and overall bias assessment
- Error distribution and outlier errors
- Stratified verification
- (2) Verification of COAMPS-TC synoptic-scale forecasts

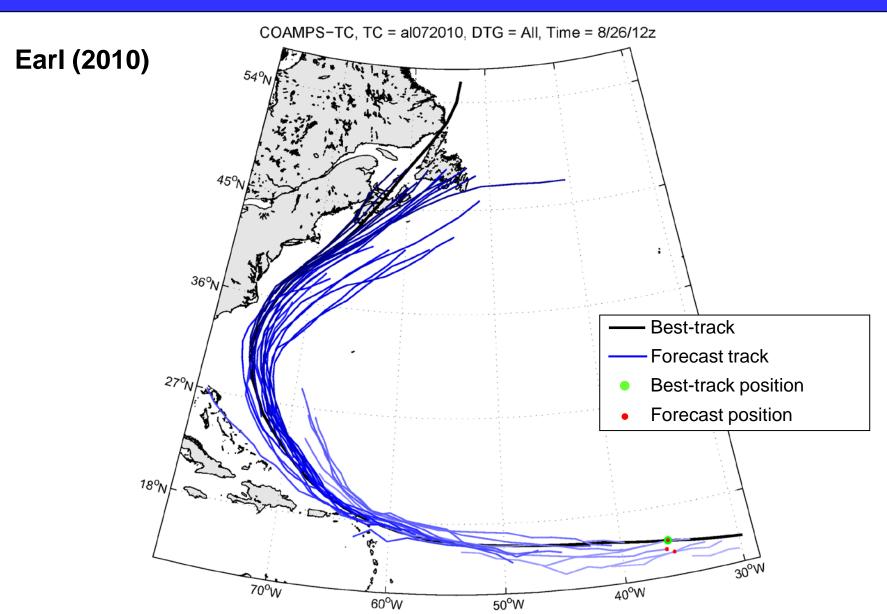




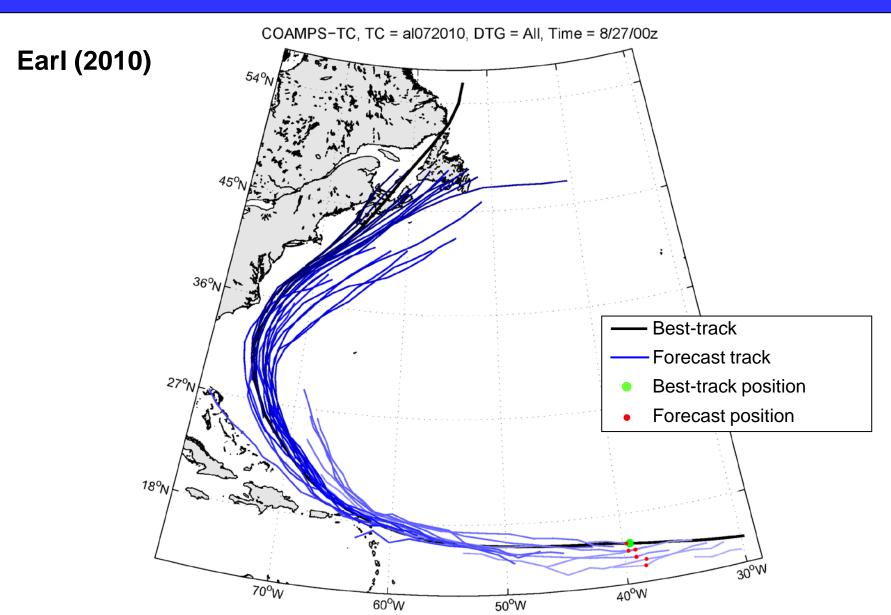




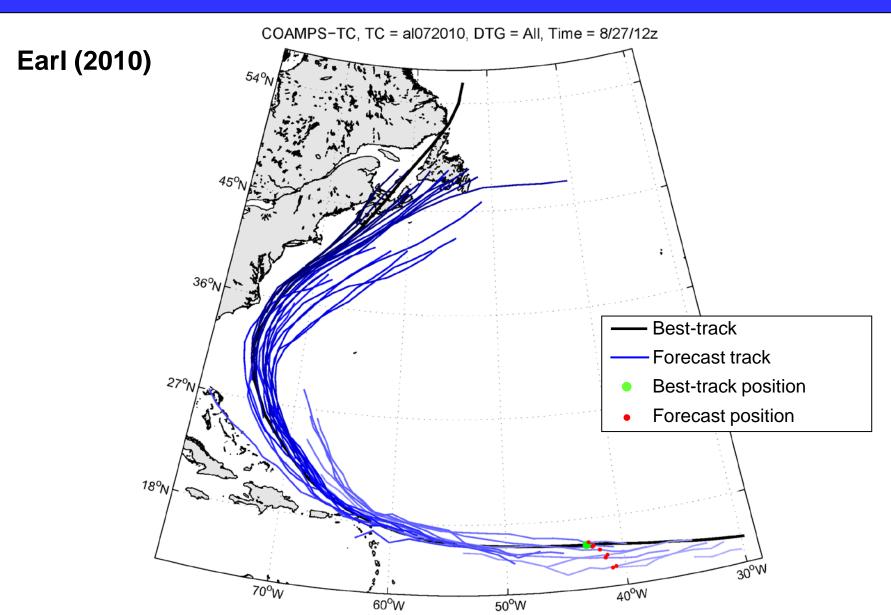




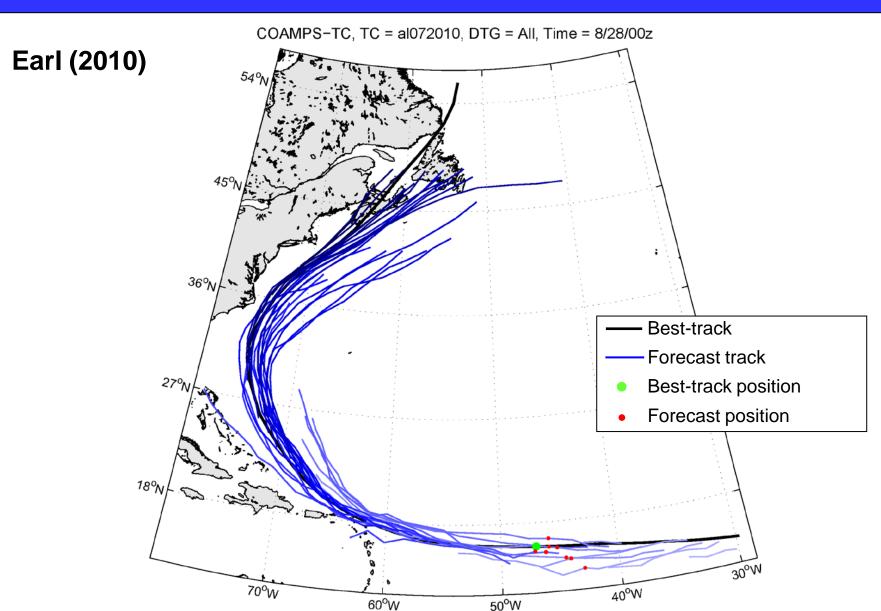




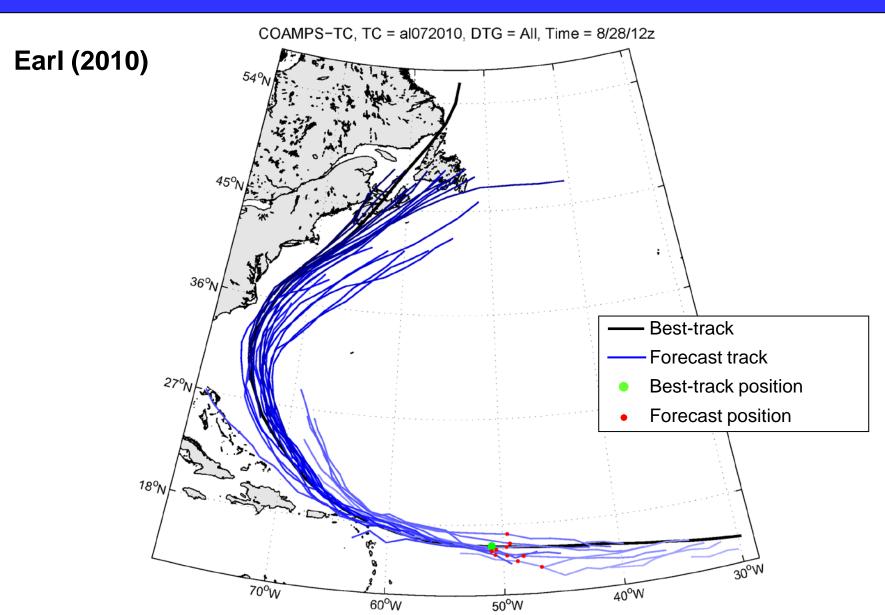




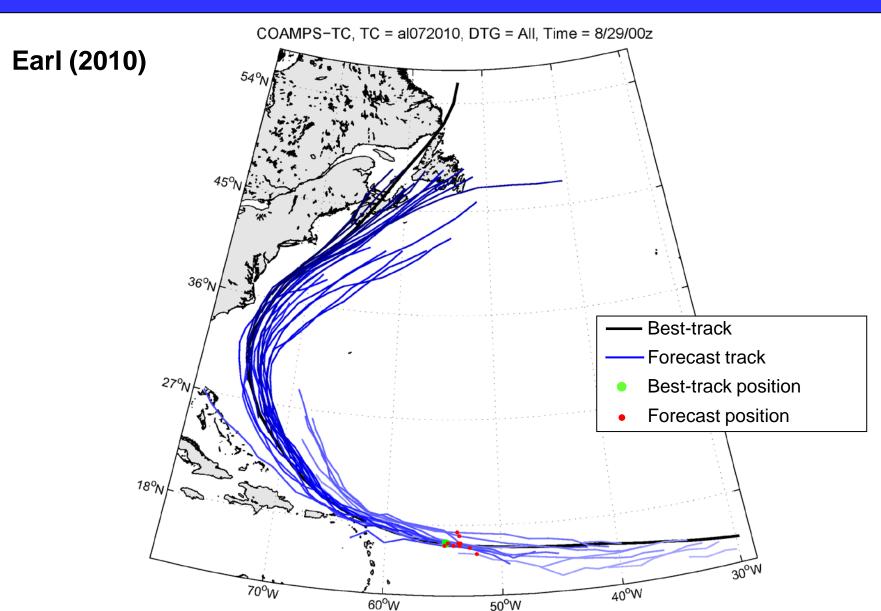




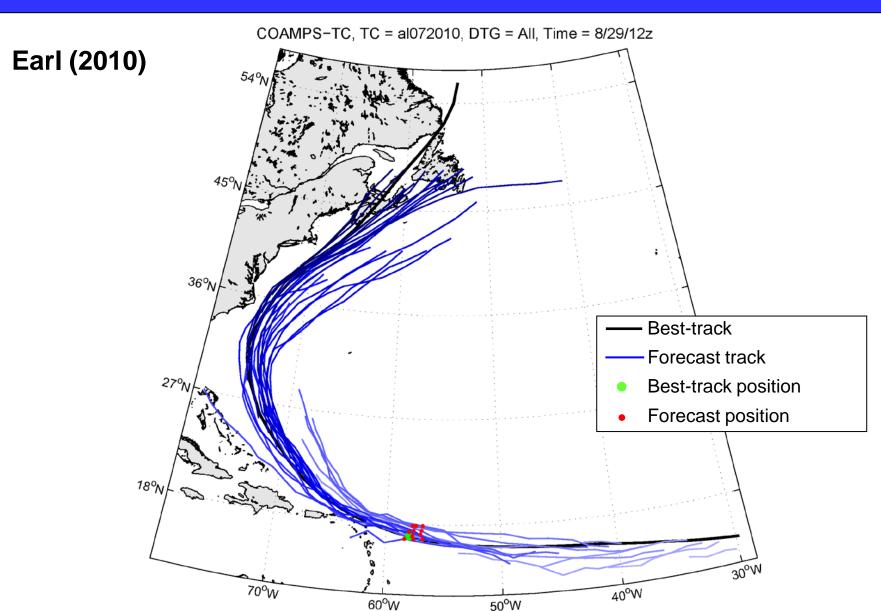




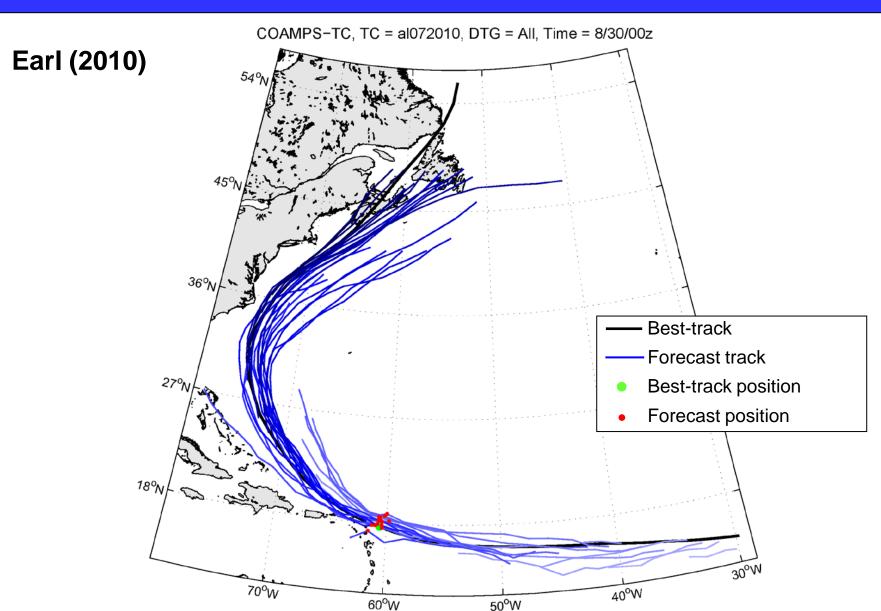




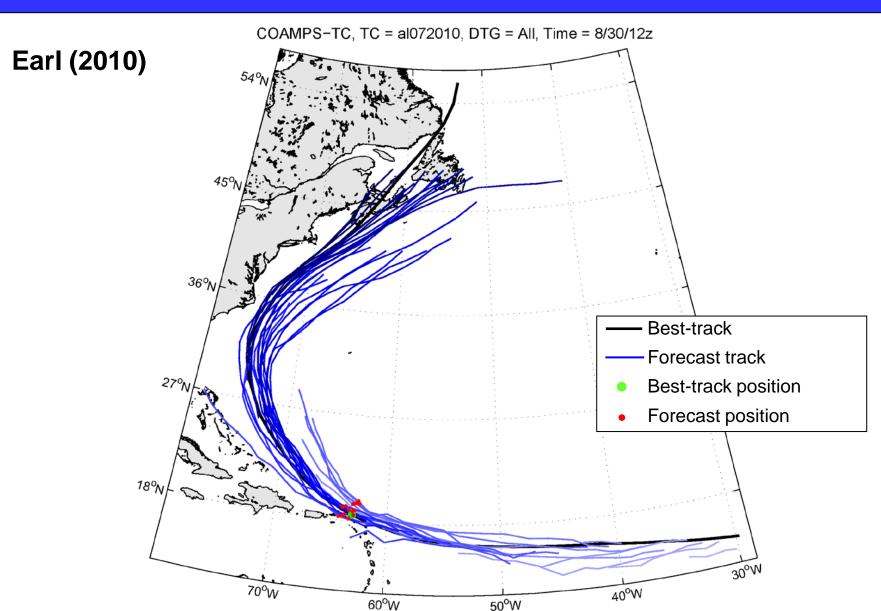




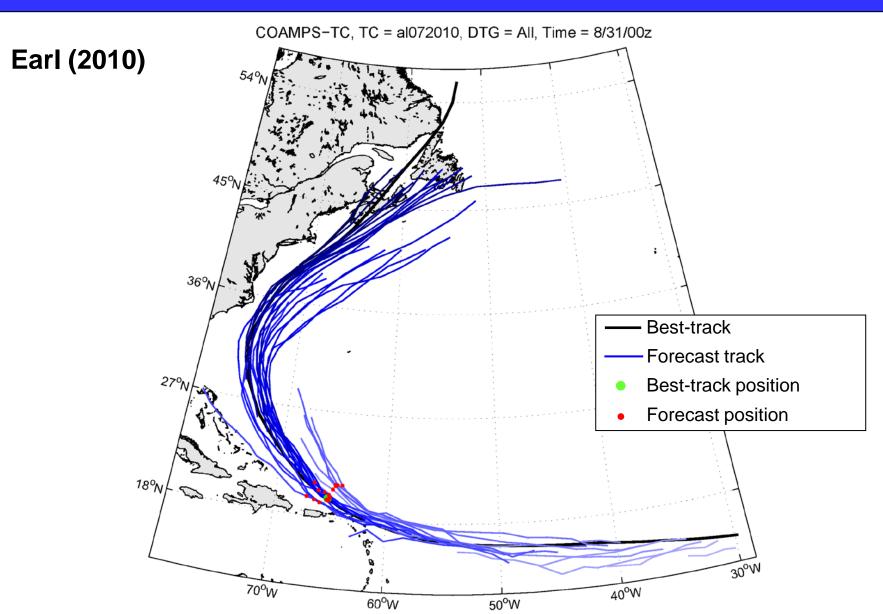




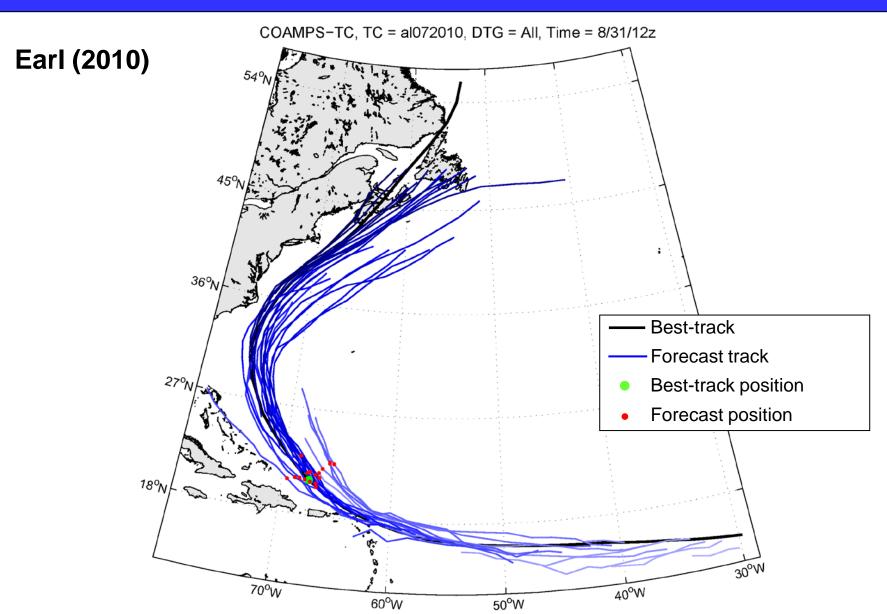




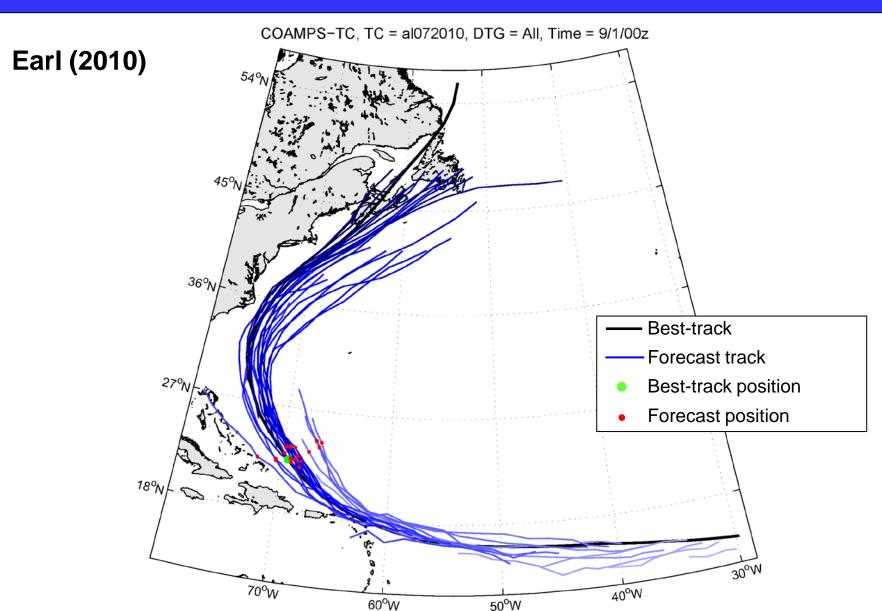




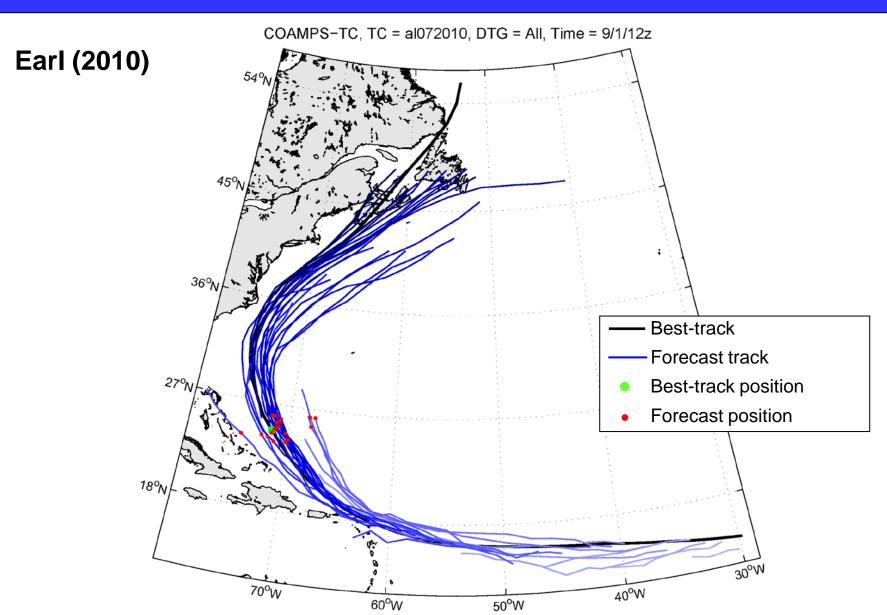




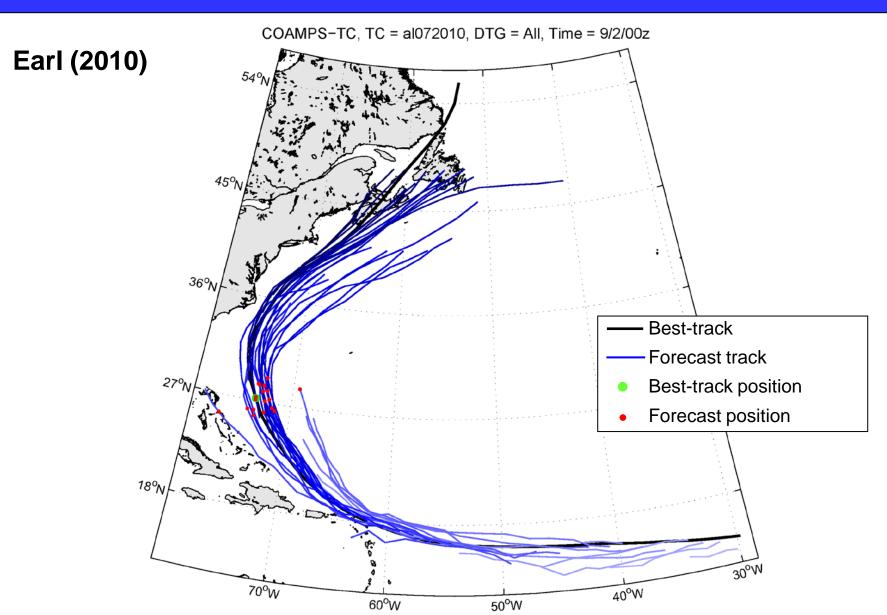




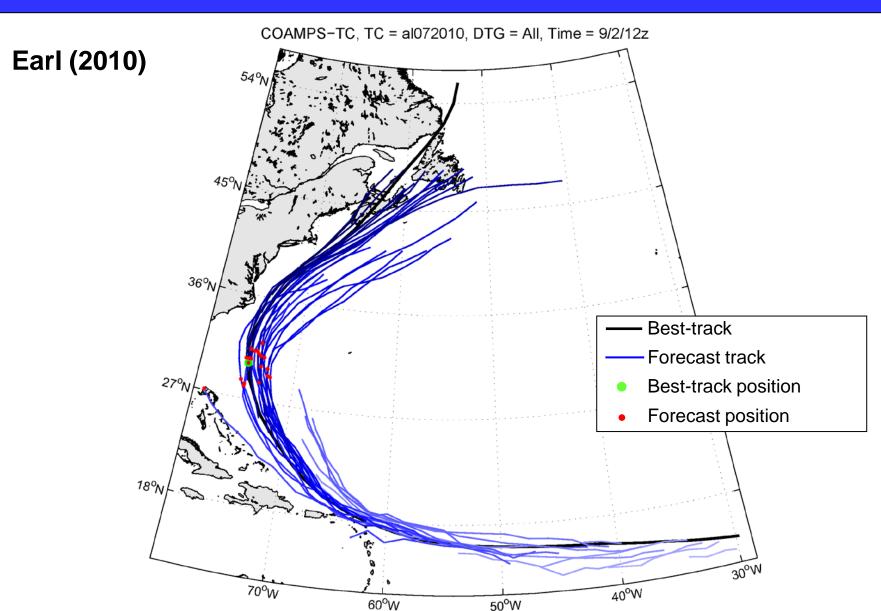




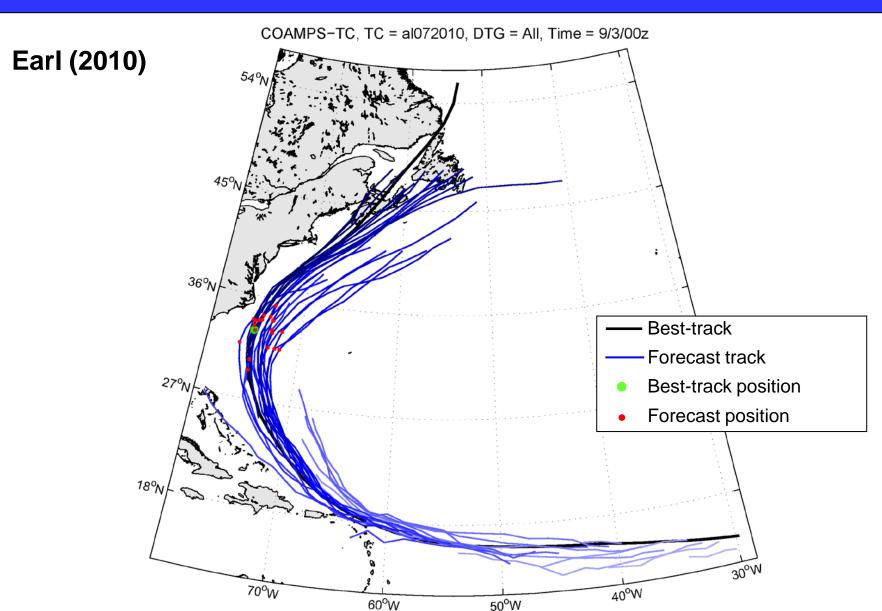




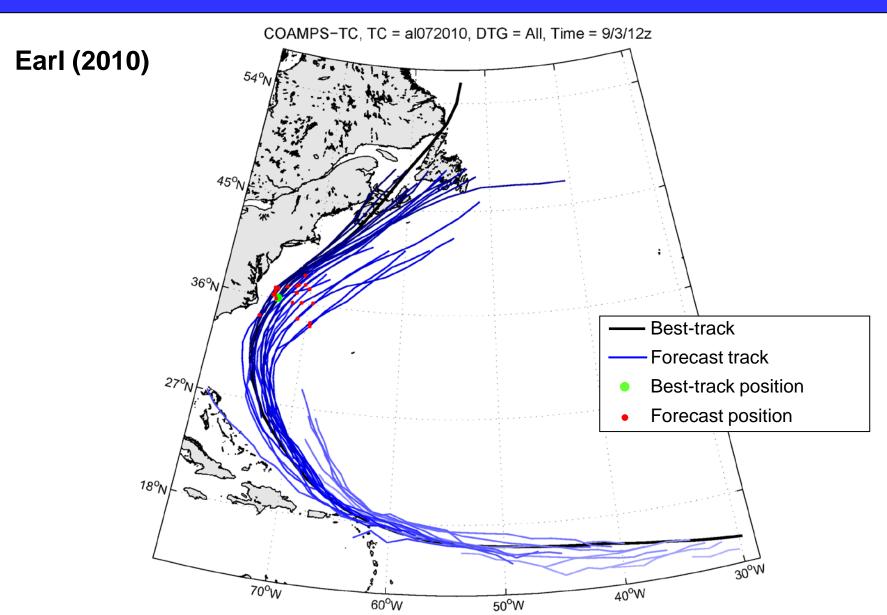




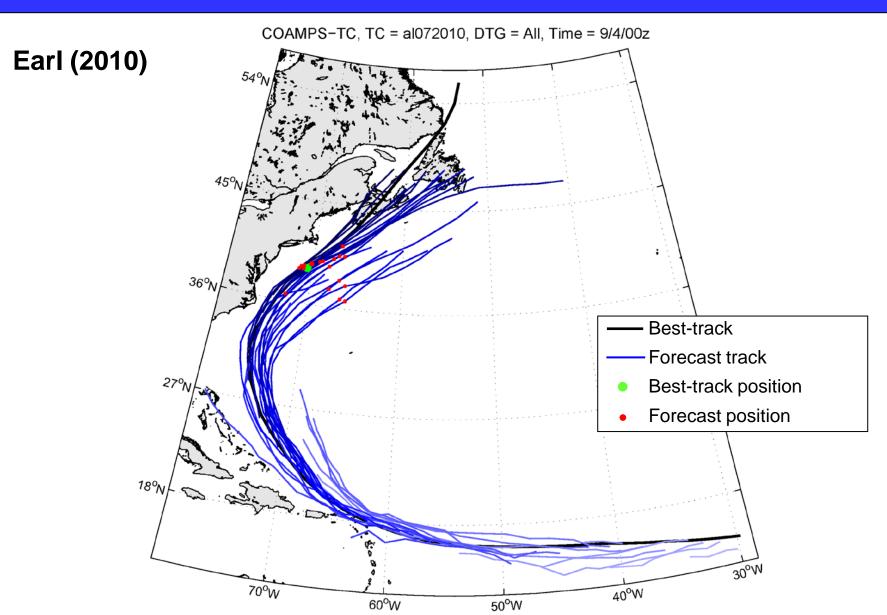




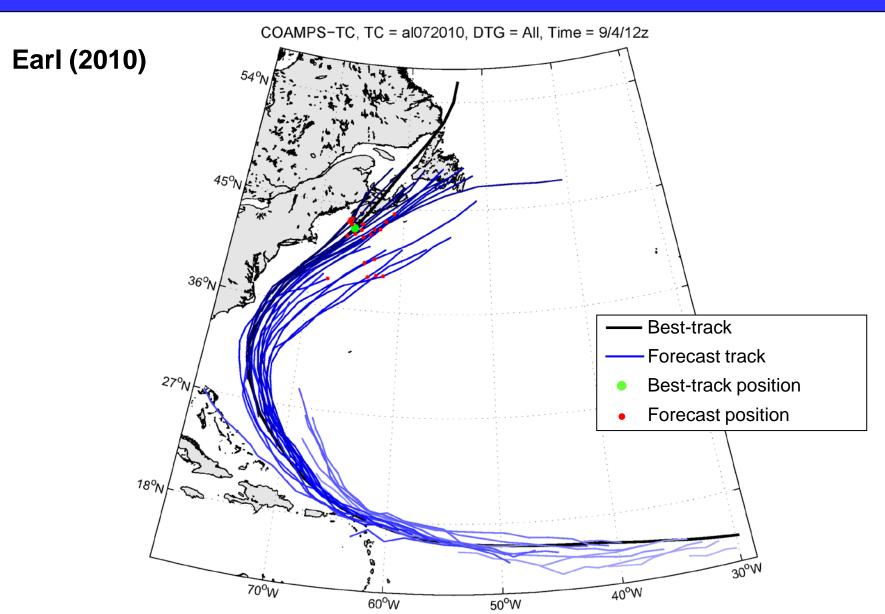




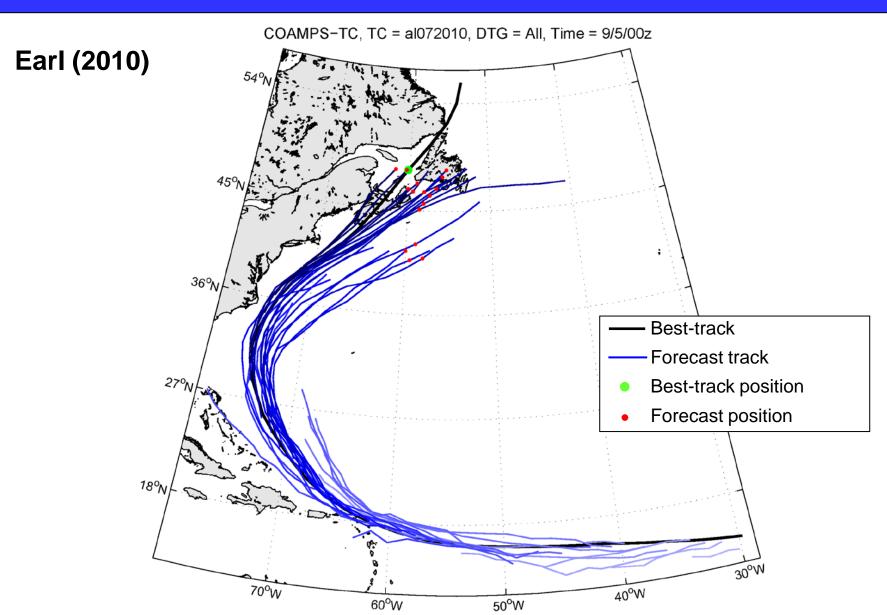




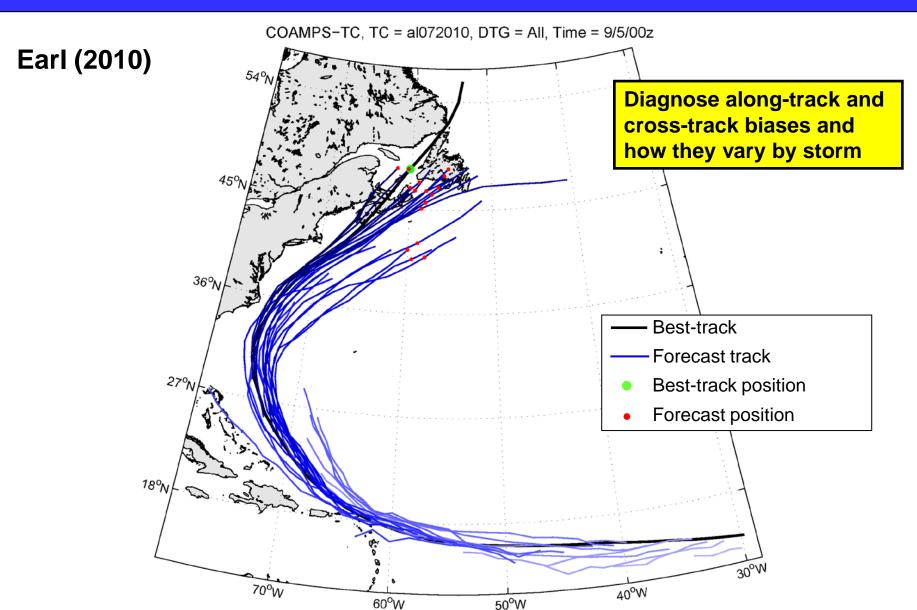






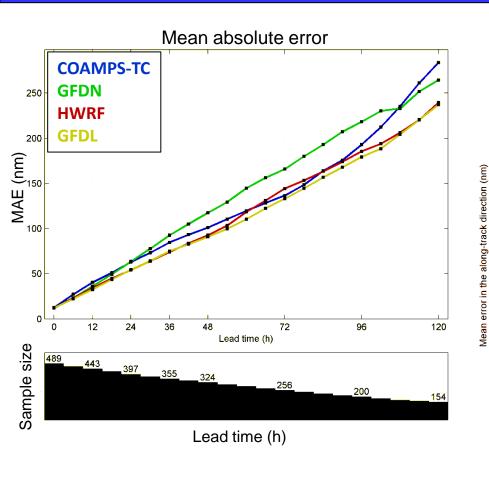


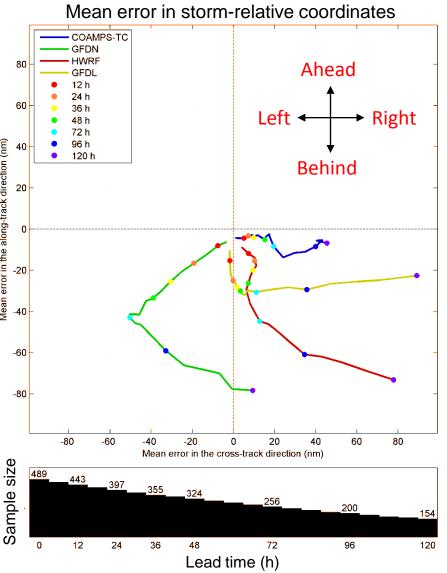






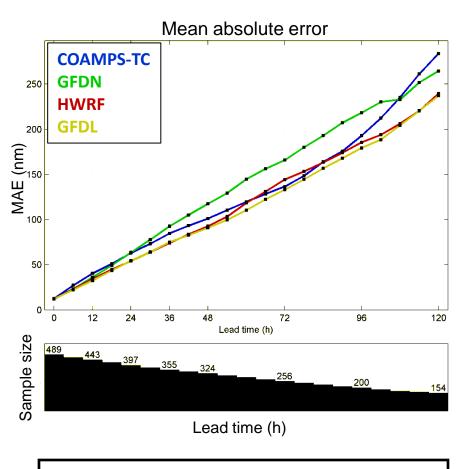
COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Track summary measures



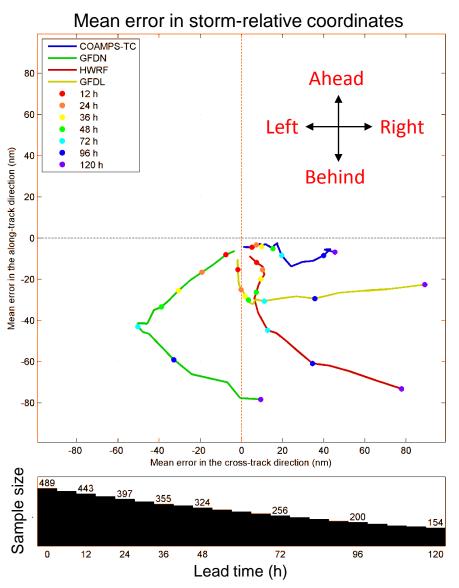




COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Track summary measures



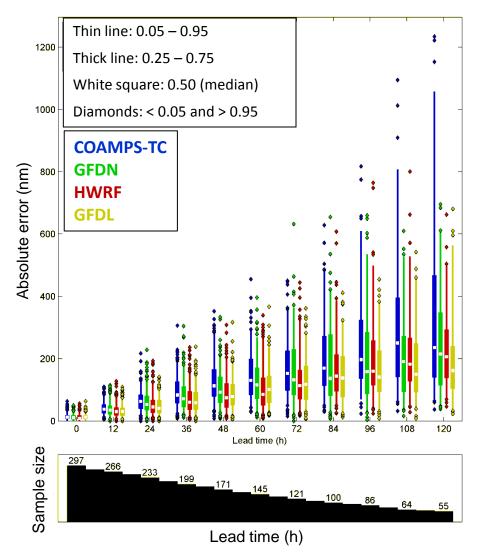
COAMPS-TC track bias is improved relative to the previous Atlantic basin HFIP retrospective forecast sample



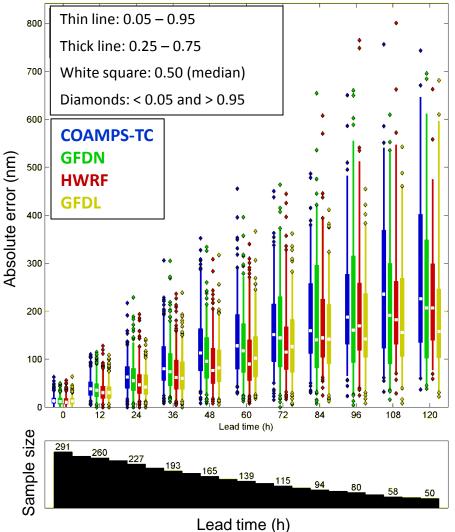


COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Track error distribution

2011 real-time Atlantic basin

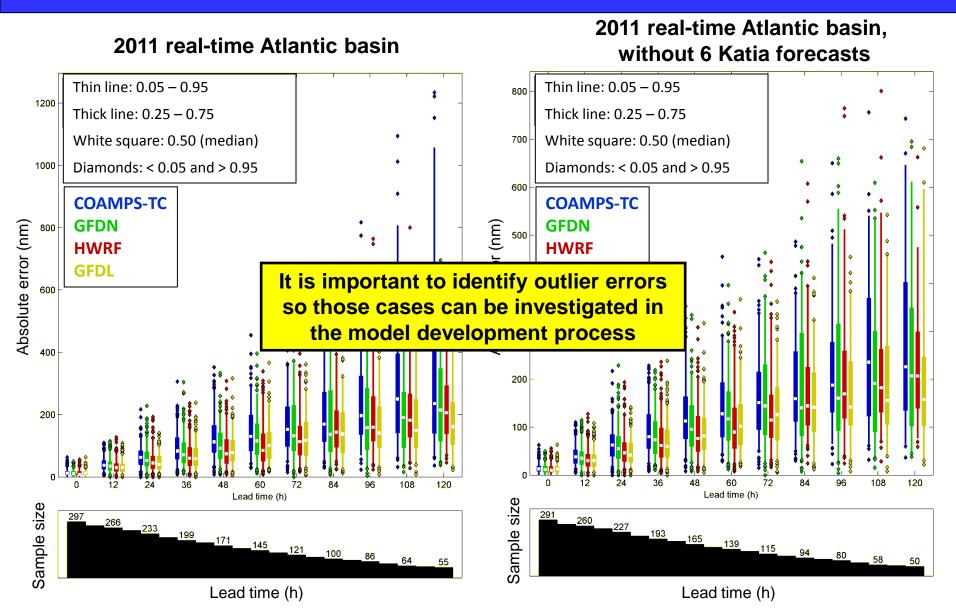


2011 real-time Atlantic basin, without 6 Katia forecasts

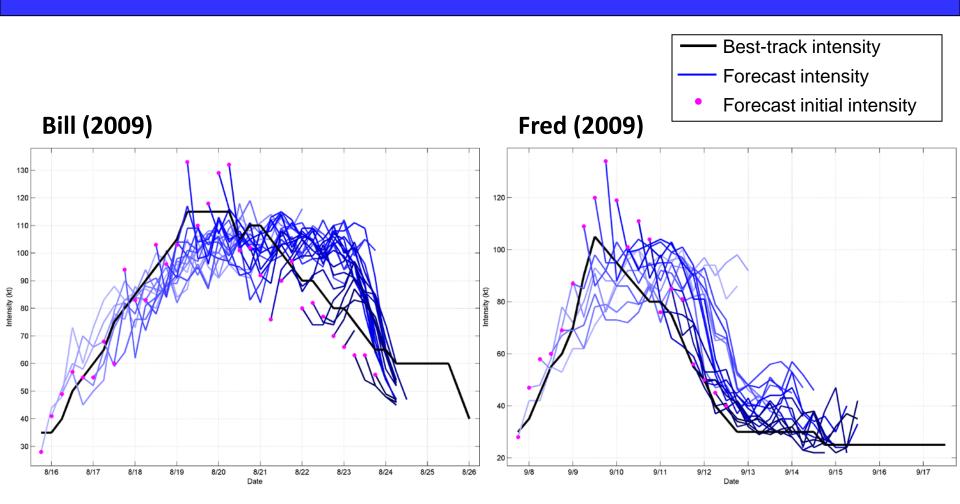




COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Track error distribution

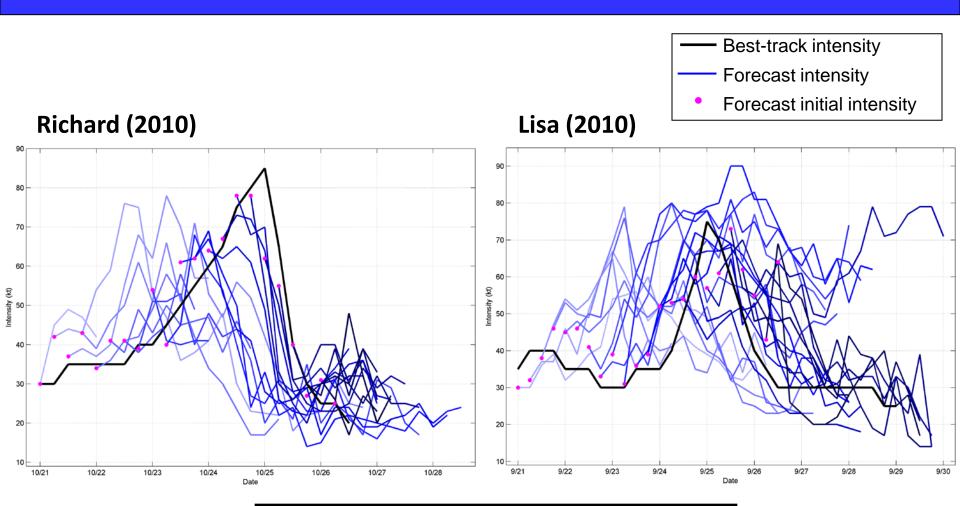






Diagnose how intensity bias varies by storm



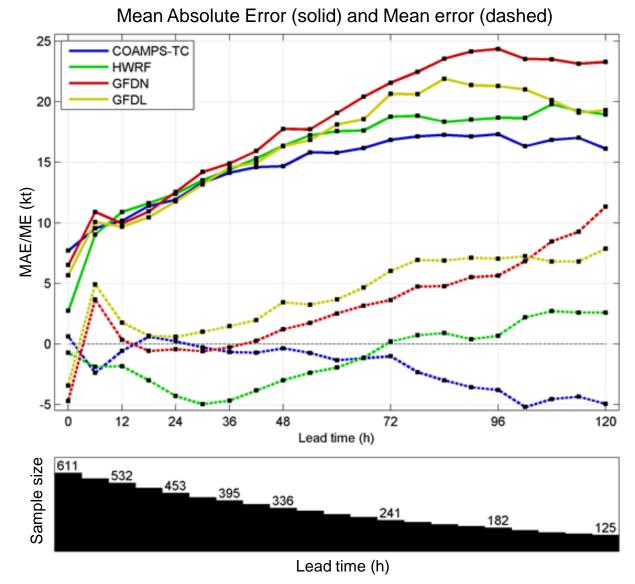


Diagnose how intensity bias varies by storm



COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Intensity summary measures

2010/2011 real-time forecasts





COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Stratification by best-track initial intensity

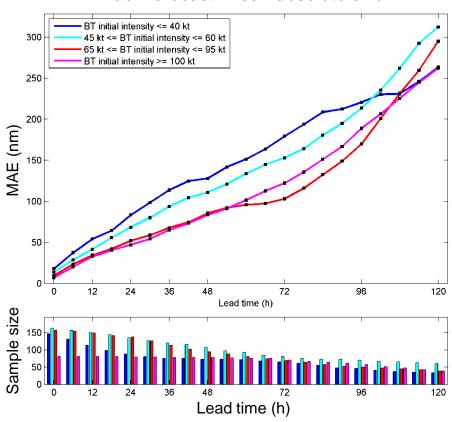
Does COAMPS-TC track forecast performance depend on the initial intensity of the predicted storm?

Stratify sample into four categories according to the best-track intensity at the forecast initial time:

- Weak TS and TD (<= 40 kt)</p>
- Strong TS (45 60 kt)
- Weak Hurricane (65 95)
- Strong Hurricane (>= 100 kt)

COAMPS-TC has the lowest track errors for TCs of hurricane intensity at the initial time

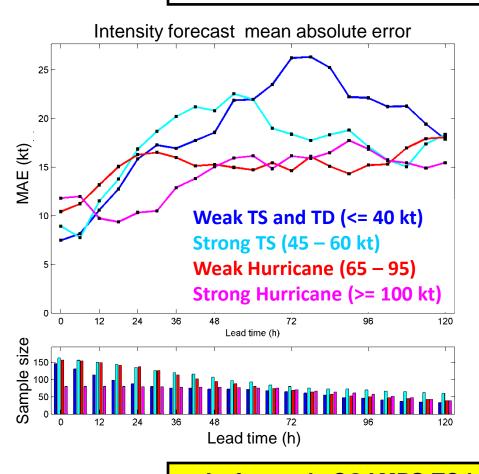


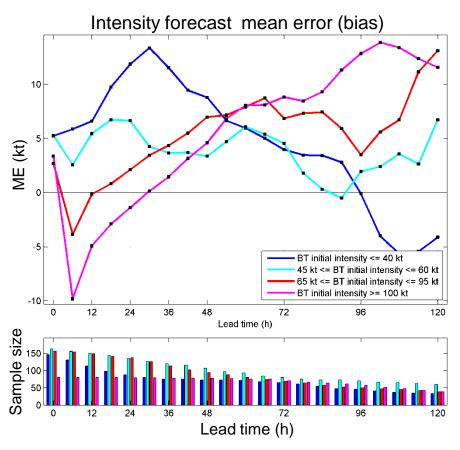




COAMPS-TC track and intensity performance: Stratification by best-track initial intensity

Does COAMPS-TC intensity forecast performance depend on the initial intensity of the predicted storm?





As for track, COAMPS-TC has the lowest intensity errors for TCs of hurricane intensity at the initial time

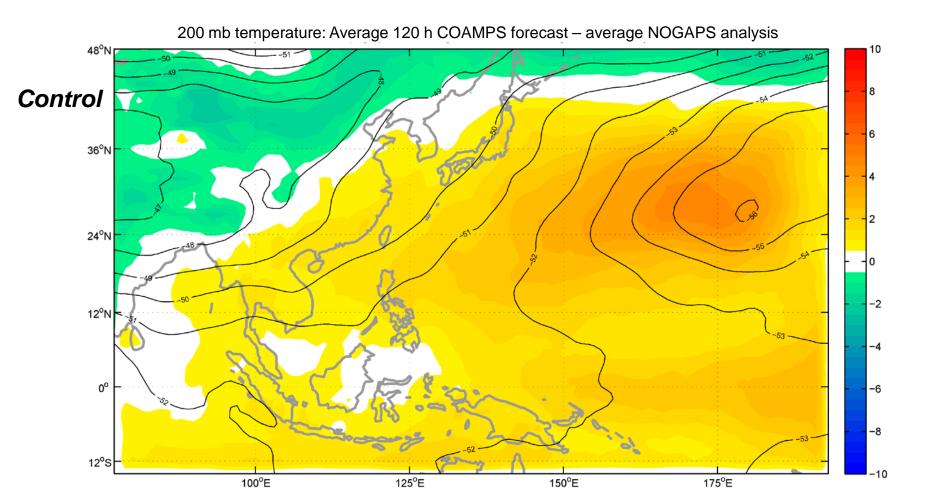


COAMPS-TC synoptic-scale forecast verification

Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh.

Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.

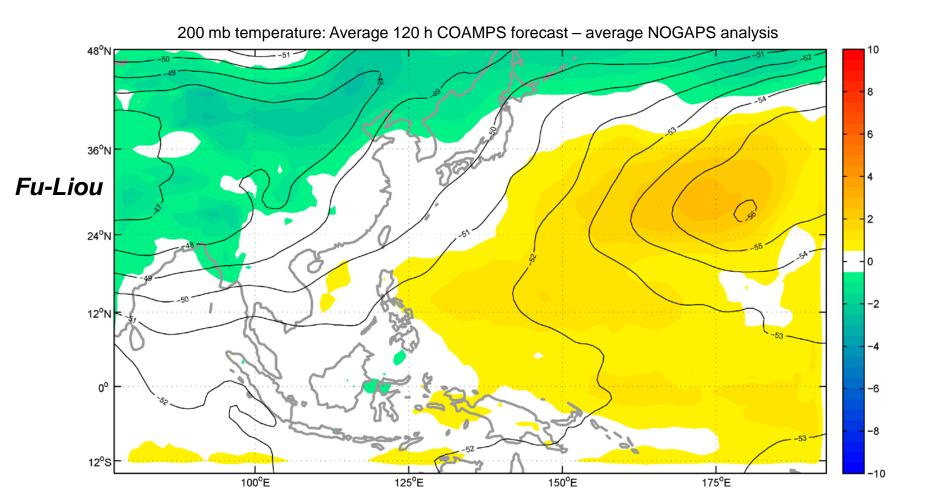
Example: Western Pacific domain, Aug-Sept 2010. Control vs. Fu-Liou radiation experiment





Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh.

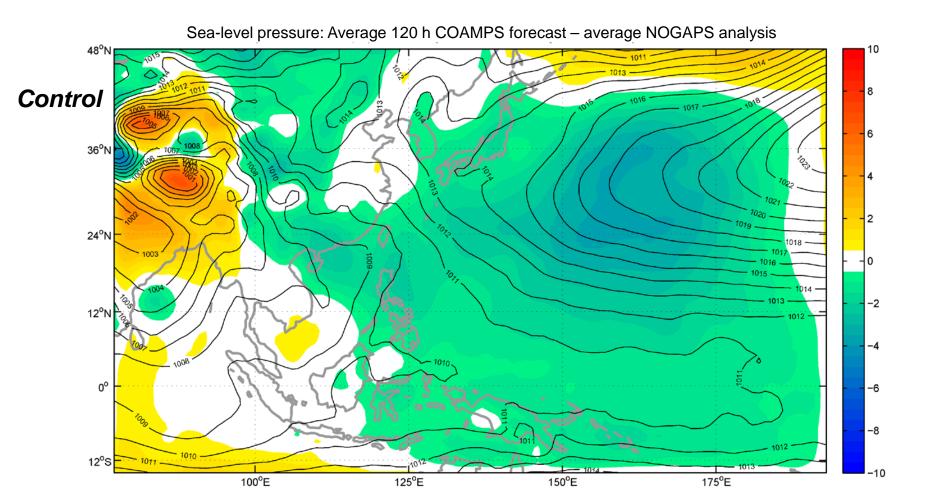
Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.





Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh.

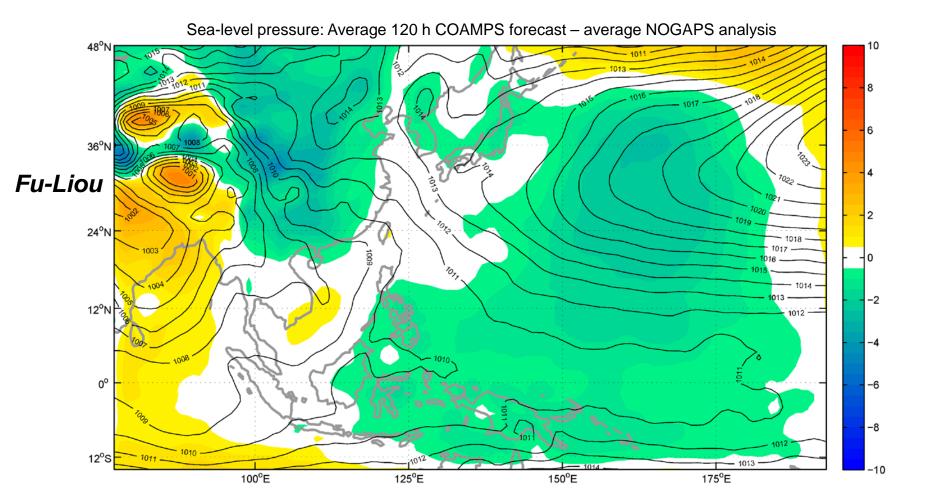
Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.





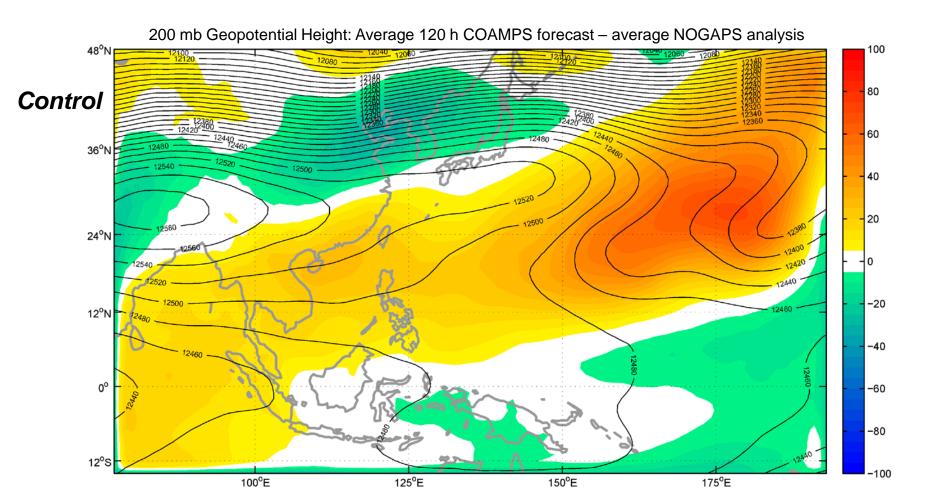
Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh.

Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.



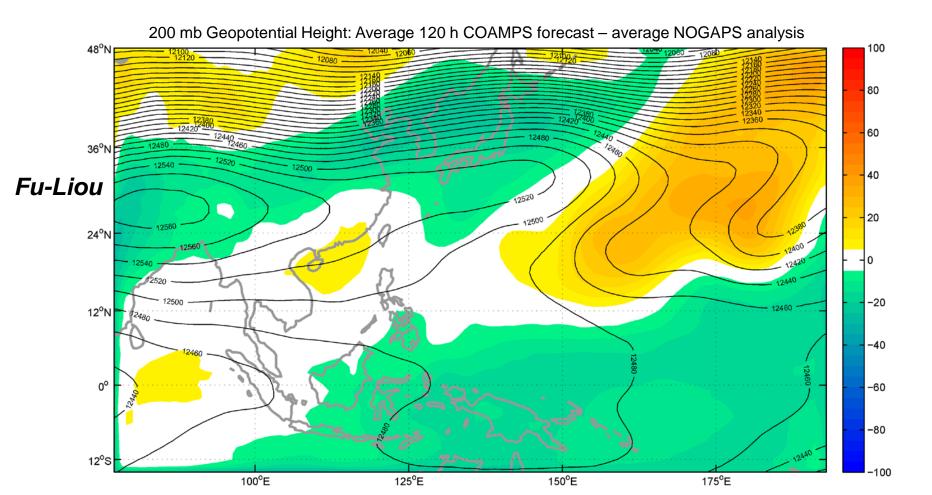


Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh. Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.





Process: Run two months of cycling COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the 45 km mesh. Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis.

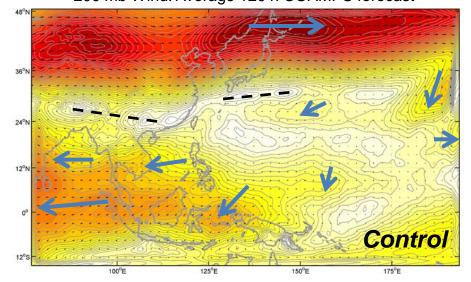




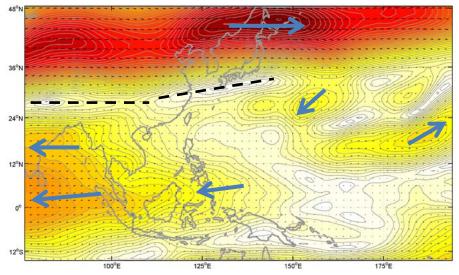
Example: Western Pacific domain, Aug-Sept 2010 Control vs. Fu-Liou radiation experiment

Synoptic-scale verification facilitates improvement to the COAMPS-TC predictions of the TC steering flow and thermodynamic environment

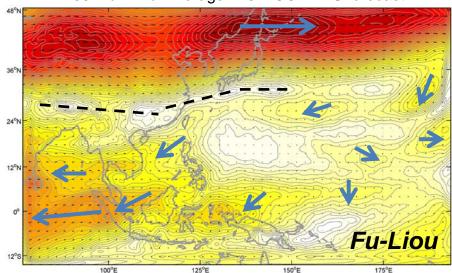
200 mb Wind: Average 120 h COAMPS forecast



200 mb Wind: Average NOGAPS analysis



200 mb Wind: Average 120 h COAMPS forecast





Conclusions

(1) Verification of COAMPS-TC track and intensity forecasts

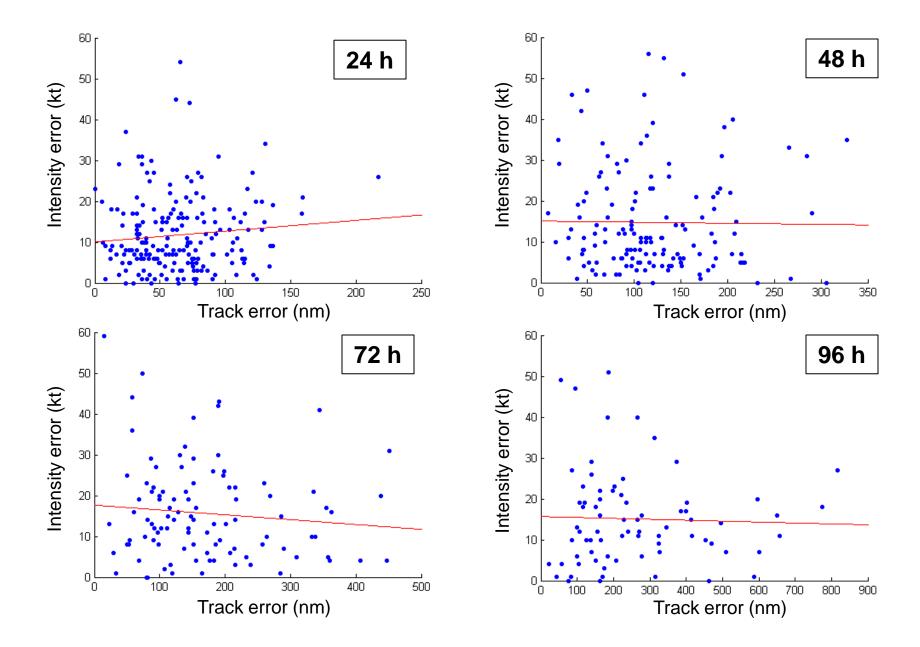
- Storm-by-storm verification/visualization and stratified verification facilitate identification of situation-dependent track and intensity forecast biases
- Outlier error identification is an important component of the verification process
- Overall, very little correlation between COAMPS-TC track and intensity errors

(2) Verification of COAMPS-TC synoptic-scale forecasts

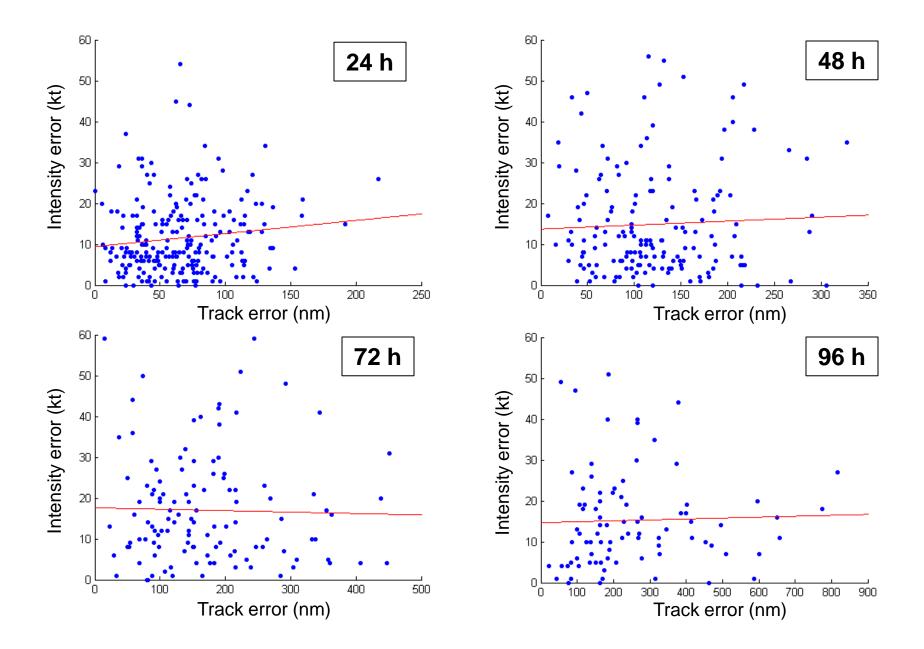
Promising new tool for regional TC model development



Extras



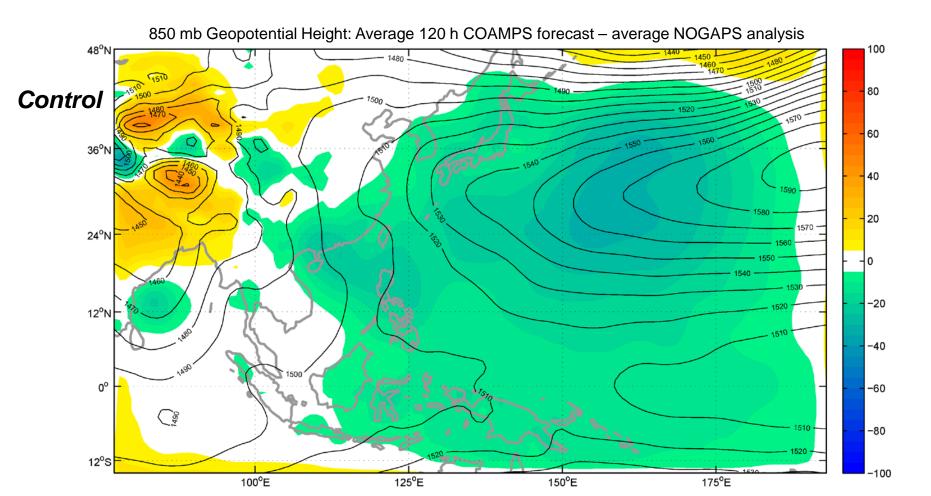
COAMPS-TC 2011 Atlantic basin real-time forecasts: All cases





Process: Run two months of COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the outer mesh.

Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis





Process: Run two months of COAMPS-TC forecasts using only the outer mesh.

Calculate average 120 h forecast and compare to average NOGAPS analysis

